THE DAILY COMMERCIAL JOURNAL.

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TERMS OF ADVERTISING,

PER SQUARE OF TWELVE LINES OR LESS.

One insertion	$ 50	One month	$ 4,50
Two insertions	75	Two months	6,00
Three insertions	1,00	Three months	7,00
One week	1,50	Four months	8,00
Two weeks	2,50	Six months	10,00
Three weeks	3,50	One year	15,00

YEARLY ADVERTISING,

Changeable at Pleasure.

	ONE SQUARE.	TWO SQUARES.
Six months	$15,00	20,00
One year	25,00	35,00

Larger advertisements in proportion. ☞ The above *rates of yearly advertising are inclusive of a copy of the daily paper*, during the time of advertising by the year. All advertisements unconnected with the regular business of the advertiser to be an extra charge, and paid for accordingly.

Firemen's, Religious, Charitable and Literary notices *one half* the above rates.

☞ *Business Cards*, of four lines or less, *six dollars* a year, Card and Paper, *ten dollars*.

WEEKLY OR TRI-WEEKLY IN DAILY PAPERS.

One square, 3 insertions	$1,50
" " each additional insertion	37

BUSINESS CARDS.

Five lines or less, one year	6,00
" " " six months	5,00
" " " one year, daily and weekly	10,00
" " " six months " "	8,00

ADVERTISEMENTS IN WEEKLY PAPERS.

For 20 lines or less, One insertion	$0,50
" " " Two, "	0,75
" " " Three, "	1,00
" " " Three months	3,50
" " " Six "	6,00
" " " Twelve "	10,00

☞ All advertisements to be charged by the square, and a discount of 25 per cent to be given where the amount of advertising exceeds $50 per year.

BUSINESS CARDS.

Five lines or less, one year $6,00

Daily Commercial Journal.

THE ONLY SON.

BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.

Mr. Harcourt sat alone in his study. The walls were crowded with book-cases filled with the massy tomes of the law: his table was covered with papers of importance; and a pile of notes, which had just been paid him by a client, lay close at his elbow. The costly lamp that hung above his head threw its light full on the upper part of his face, bringing the massy brow out into bold relief, and giving additional sternness and promise to his cold and inflexible features. All at once he rang the bell.

"Is master James arrived?" he said sharply, when the servant entered.

"Yes, sir."

In a few minutes the door of the study opened again, and the lawyer's only son stood in the presence of his father. He was a youth of about seventeen, fair and manly to gaze upon, but with that look of dissipation in his countenance which mars the noblest beauty. An expression of feminine softness and irresolution in his face, contradicted the proud and self-willed glance of his dark glowing eye. He seemed, indeed, to judge from his looks, to be wholly a creature of impulses.

"So you have been in another scrape, sir," said the old man harshly.

The youth bowed his head and bit his lip.

"It cost me four hundred dollars to pay for the carriage that was broken, and the horse foundered in your drunken frolic. What have you to say to that, sir?"

The young man's eye wandered irresolutely around the room, without daring to meet his father's face. Nor did he make any reply.

"How long is this to last?" said the parent, in a more angry tone. "Have I not told you, again and again, that I would disown you if these things went on? You are a disgrace, sir, to me—a blot on my name. Thank God, your mother did not live to see you grow up."

The youth had been evidently nerving himself to bear his father's rebukes with as much indifference and coolness as possible; but at the mention of his mother's name his lip quivered, and he turned away his head to hide the tears that gathered in his eyes. Had that stern, irritable old man known how to follow up the chord he had struck, his son might yet have been saved; but he was a hard, correct man, unaccustomed to making allowances for difference of character, and he resolved to drive his son into obedience by the strong arm of parental authority.

"You turn away to laugh, you rascal, do you!" said he, enraged. "You believe, because you are my only child, I will not disinherit you. But I could cast you off if you were ten times my son; and I made up my mind to-day to tell you at once to go. There is a pile of notes—five hundred dollars—I believe: take it, and to-morrow I will make a thousand, before you disgrace me again. But remember, this is the last article you shall spend under my name—the last cent of my money you shall ever touch."

When his mother was alluded to, the youth had almost made up his mind to step forward, ask pardon for all his evil courses, and promise solemnly hereafter to live a life of strict propriety; but the harsh and angry tone in which Mr. Harcourt pursued the conversation, and the words of banishment with which it closed, seemed to make him irresolute. He colored, turned pale, and parted his lips as if to speak; then he clasped his hands, half in supplication; but the cold, contemptuous look of his father checked him, and he remained silent.

The angry flush, however, rose again to his cheek, and became fixed there.

"Not a word, sir," said the father. "It is too late for pleading now. Don't be both a blackguard and a coward. I told you if you ever got into such a discreditable difficulty I would disown you. That warning did no good. You must reap as you have sown. Will you go?"

The youth seemed again about to speak, but his words choked him. The spirit of the son, as well as that of the father, was roused. He felt that the punishment was disproportioned to the offence, even great as it had been. He took the notes which his parent held out to him, crumpled them hastily together, and flinging them scornfully back, turned and left the room. The next instant the street door closed with a heavy clang.

"He has not gone, surely!" said the father, started for a moment. But his brow darkened as his eye fell on the notes. "Yet let him go—the heartless villain—hereafter he is no son of mine. Better die childless, than have an heir who is a disgrace to your name. Did I not do my duty to him?"

Ay! old man, that is the question. *Did* you do your duty to him? Were you not harsh when you should have been lenient—did you not neglect your son for years after his mother's death, careless of what kind of associates he consorted with—and when he had been led astray, did you not in total disregard of his wilful character, the result of your own indulgence, did you not, we say, attempt to coerce him by threats, when you should have drawn him by the gentle chord of love!—look into your own heart; see if you are not just as unreasonable as your son. Can a character be reformed in a day? Your profession should have taught you better, old man. But the boy has gone from your roof forever, for well he knows how inflexible is your stern, self-righteous heart: and in deed, with a portion of your own pride, he would sooner cut off his right arm than solicit or accept your aid. Yes, take up that mass of complicated papers, and endeavor to forget the past scenes in their absorbing details; but yours must be a heart of diamant, if, in despite of your oft repeated reasoning, you can justify your harshness to it. Remember the words you have uttered. They may apply to more than one.—"*As you have sown so shall you reap.*"

James Harcourt went forth from his father's house in utter despair. Pride had supported him during the last few moment of the interview, and he had met his stern parent's malediction with bitter defiance; but when the door had closed upon him, and he turned to take a last look at the window which was once his mother's, the tears gushed again into his eyes, and covering his face in his hands, he sat down on a neighboring step and sobbed convulsively. "Oh! if she had been living as said, it would never have come to this. She would not have left me to form associations with those who wished to make a prey of me—she would not have galled me by stern, and often unreserved reproaches—she would not have turned me from my home, with no place whither to go, and temptations around me on every side. Oh! mother," he said, casting his eyes to heaven, "look down on me and pity your poor boy."

At that instant the door of his father opened, as if some one was about to come forth.—A momentary hope shot through him that his parent had relented. But no! it was only a servant who had been called to close the shutters. Assumed to be recognized, the youth hastily arose, turned a corner, and disappeared.

* * * * * * *

Years rolled on. The lawyer rose in wealth and consideration; honors were heaped profusely on him: he became a member of Congress, a Senator, a Judge. His sumptuous carriage rolled through the streets daily, to bear him to and from court. An invitation to his dinners was received as a triumph, they were so select. In every respect Judge Harcourt was a man to be envied.

But was he happy? He might have been, reader, but for one thing. *He had no one to love.* He felt that people courted him only from interested motives. Oh! how he sometimes longed to know what had become of his discarded boy, confessing to himself, now that years had removed the veil from his eyes, how horribly he had used the child of his own heart; how if he had borne with him a little longer, he might have reformed," he said, with a sigh.—"He always had a good heart, and his poor mother used to say he was *so* obedient. But he got led away!"

At this instant a servant cautiously opened his library door.

"It is almost ten o'clock, your honor," he said, "and the carriage is at the door."

"Ay, ay," said the judge, rising, as the servant disappeared. "I had forgot myself. And that desperate fellow, Roberts, is to be tried to-day, for the mail robbery."

Many an obsequious bow greated the judge as the officers of the court made way for him through the crowd, for the trial was one of unusual interest, and had collected together large numbers. He smiled affably to all, and taking his seat, ordered the business to proceed. The prisoner was brought in, a large, bold, fine-looking man, but the judge, occupied with a case he had heard the day before, and in which he was writing out an opinion, gave little notice to the criminal, or indeed to any of the proceedings, until the usual formalities had been gone through, and the serious part of the evidence began to be heard. Then the judge, for the first time, directed a keen glance to the prisoner.—"Surely I have seen that face before," he said.—But he could not remember where; and he turned to scrutinize the jury-room.

The case was a clear one. The testimony, when completed, formed a mass of testimony that was irresistable. Two men swore positively to the person of the accused as that of one of the robbers; and the jury immediately gave a verdict of guilty, after a bitterly severe charge against the prisoner from the bench. The punishment was death.

On hearing the verdict, the prisoner sat his mouth firmly, and drew himself up to his full height. But, before sentence was pronounced, he asked leave to say a few words. He did it in so earnest a tone that the judge immediately granted it, wondering that a man who looked so courageous should stop to beg for his life.

"I acknowledge my crime," said the prisoner, "nor do I seek to palliate it—nor neither do I ask for mercy. I can face death; I have faced it a dozen times. But I wish to say a word on the case that brought me to this place."

Every neck was strained forward to catch the words of the speaker; even the judge leaned over the bench, controlled by an interest for which he could not account.

"I was born of respectable, nay, distinguished parents," said the man, 'and one at least was an angel. But she died early, and my father, immersed in ambitious schemes, quite forgot me, so that I was left to form my own associations, which, therefore, were naturally not at all of the most unexceptionable kind. By and by, my irregularities began to attract my father's notice. He reproved me too harshly. Recollect, I was spoiled by indulgence. I soon committed another youthful folly. My punishment this time was more severe, and quite as ill advised as before. I was a creature of impulse, pliable for either good or bad—and my only surviving parent fell into the error of attempting to drive me, when he should have persuaded me with kindness. The fact is, neither of us understood each other. Well, matters went on thus for two years or more; I was extravagant, rebellious, dissipated; my parent was hard and unforgiving.

"At length," continued the speaker, turning full on the judge until their eyes met, "At length, one evening, my parent sent for me into the study. I had been guilty of some youthful folly, and having threatened me about a fortnight before with disinheritance if I again vexed him, he now told me that henceforth I was to be no child of his, but an outcast and a beggar. He said, too, that he thanked God my mother had not lived to see that day.—That touched me. Had he then spoken kindly—had he given me a chance I might have reformed; but he irritated me with hard words, checked my rising promptings of good, by condemning me unheard, and sent me forth alone into the world. From that hour," continued the prisoner, speaking apidly and with great emotion, "I was desperate. I went out from his doors a homeless, penniless, friendless boy. My former associates would have shrunk from me, even if I had not been too proud to seek them. All decent society was shut against me. I soon became almost starved for want of money. But what needs it to tell the shifts I was driven to. I slept in miserable hovels—I consorted with the lowest and vilest—I gambled—I cheated—and yet I could scarcely get my bread. You, who sit in luxurious homes, know not the means to which the miserable outcast must resort for a livelihood, till I am here." From the moment I was cast out of my father's house, my fate was inevitable,—leading me by constantly descending steps, until I became the felon I now am. And I stand here to-day, ready to endure the utmost penalty of your laws, careless of the future, as I have been reckless of the past."

He ceased; and now released from the torrent of his passionate eloquence, which had chained their eyes to him, the spectators turned toward the judge, to see what effect the prisoner's words had produced. Well was it, that no one had looked there before, else that proud man had sunk cowering from his seat. They would have seen how his eye gradually quailed before that of the speaker—how he turned ashy pale—how his whole face, at length, became convulsed with agony. Ay! old man, remorse was now fully awake. In the criminal he had recognised his own son! He thought then of the words he had once used, "*As you sow, so shall you reap.*" But by a mighty effort he was enabled to hear the prisoner to the end, and then, feeling as if every eye was upon him, penetrating this terrible secret in his looks, he sank, with a groan, senseless to the earth.

The confusion that occurred in the court house, when it was found that the judge had been taken suddenly ill, as the physician said by a stroke of appoplexy, led to the postponement of the prisoner's sentence; and before the next session of the court, the culprit had received a conditional pardon, the result, it was said, of the mitigating circumstances which he had urged so eloquently on his trial. The terms on which a large portion of the citizens petitioned for his pardon required that he should forever after reside abroad. It was said that the judge, although scarcely recovered, had taken such an interest in the prisoner, as to visit him in a long and secret interview, the night before he sailed for Europe.

About a year after these events, Judge Harcourt resigned his office on the plea of ill health, and having settled his affairs, embarked for the old world where he intended to reside for many years. He never returned to America. But travelers said that he resided in a secluded valley in Italy, with a man in the prime of life, who passed for his adopted son. A smiling family of grand-children surrounded him. The happy father could say, in the language of Scripture, "this my son was dead and is alive again, he was lost and found."

Bruce's New York Type Foundry,

No. 13, Chamber street, between Centre and Chatham streets.

THE following are the prices for approved notes at six months, from which a liberal discount will be made for cash:

Pica	32c.	Minion	54c.
Small Pica	34	Nonpareil	66
Long Primer	36	Agate	86
Bourgeois	40	Pearl	$1,20
Brevier	46		

Wood Type, Printing Ink, Paper, Cases, Galleys, Brass Rule, Composing Sticks, Chases, and other Printing Materials, furnished with promptitude, and at the lowest prices.

GEORGE BRUCE & CO.

☞ The type on which this paper is printed, is from the above Foundry.

Johnston & Stockton are the Pittsburgh Agents of Bruce & Co. dec 20-1m

A New Publication.

OBSERVATIONS ON THE CURABILITY OF CONSUMPTION, by a new, safe and painless mode of treatment, illustrated in selections from a volume of one hundred and fifty cases, by

W. HALL, A. M., M. D.

Published at the Journal office, Pittsburgh, September 1st, 1845, containing the nature, causes and symptoms of the disease, with the causes, symptoms, alleviation and prevention of bronchitis and clergyman's sore throat. Cheap mail edition, 30 cents; sold also by Robinson & Jones, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Dr. Hall's office is in Vine street, between 3d and 4th, Cincinnati, from June to October, both included; and 127 Canal street, New Orleans, the balance of the year.

No un-postpaid orders are attended to. 35 per cent discount to those who purchase to sell again.

Any Ohio papers, not in Cincinnati, copying the above advertisement two or three times, included once in their daily, if published, and sending a copy of their paper with the advertisement scored, to the address of Dr. Hall, 63, H. Cincinnati, Ohio, will have one dollar returned to them by mail, and free of charge; the same also to other offices which this paper is sent with the advertisement scored, with the Cincinnati Post Office mail mark. sep 5-dBM&w

A VALUABLE PROPERNY FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers for sale, a property, situated on the south bank of the Monongahela river, 1½ miles above Birmingham, containing about 100 acres, more or less. This property is one of the most desirable situations in this vicinity for manufacturing purposes, and for a comfortable residence, having all the advantages of both water and road communications with the city of Pittsburgh. There are about three acres of coal on the land; and adjoining this tract there is an inexhaustable body of coal land, the product of which must inevitably pass through this property to market. Those inclined to make an advantageous investment, will find it well worthy of their early attention. This property will be sold in one or more divisions to suit purchasers.

Applications can be made to one of the owners, James Lonergan, of this city, or to the subscriber, who is duly authorized to dispose of the same. The terms will be made easy. JAMES FENLON.

Pittsburgh, Dec 22-3t

Insurance.

AGENCY OF THE FRANKLIN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY of Philadelphia, N. E. corner of Wood and Third streets, Pittsburgh. The assets of the Company, on the first of January, 1845, as published in conformity with an act of the Pennsylvania Legislature, were

Bonds and Mortgages	$600,615 93
Real Estate, at cost	100,967 77
Temporary Loans, Stocks and Cash	207,499 72
Making a total of	$906,083 42

—Affording certain assurance that all losses will be promptly met, and giving entire security to all who obtain policies from this Company. Risks taken at as low rates as are consistent with security.

oct 6 WARRICK MARTIN, Agent.

JOSIAH KING. J. FINNEY, JR.

KING & FINNEY, *Agents at Pittsburgh for the Delaware Mutual Safety Insurance Co. of Philadelphia.* Fire Risks upon buildings and merchandize of every description, and Marine Risks upon hulls or cargoes of vessels taken upon the most favorable terms.

☞ Office in the warehouse of King & Holmes, on Water street, near Market.

N. B. King & Finney invite the confidence and patronage of their friends and the community at large to the Delaware M. S. Insurance Company, as an Institution among the most flourishing in Philadelphia—as having a large paid-in capital, which by the operation of its charter is constantly increasing—as yielding to each person insured his due share of the profits of the company, without involving him in any responsibility whatever, beyond the premium actually paid in by him, and therefore as possessing the Mutual principle divested of every obnoxious feature, and in its most attractive form.

lly 26] oct 3

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—The Insurance Company of North America, through its duly authorized Agent, the subscriber, offers to make permanent and limited insurance on property, in this city and its vicinity, and on shipments by the canal and rivers.

DIRECTORS.

John C. Smith, Pres't.,	Samuel Brooks,
Alex. Henry,	Charles Taylor,
Samuel W. Jones,	Samuel F. Smith,
Edward Smith,	Ambrose White,
John A. Brown,	Jacob M. Thomas,
John White,	John R. Neff,
Thos. P. Cope,	Richard D. Wood,
William Welch,	Arthur G. Coffin, Sec'y.

This is the oldest Insurance Company in the United States, having been chartered in 1794. Its charter is perpetual, and from its high standing, long experience, ample means, and avoiding all risks of an extra character, it may be considered as offering ample security to the public. MOSES ATWOOD,

At counting-room of Atwood, Jones & Co., Water and Front streets, Pittsburgh. oct 21-ly

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—The undersigned, Agent at Pittsburgh for the Spring Garden Insurance Company of Philadelphia, would respectfully give notice that he continues to take FIRE RISKS on buildings, merchandize, &c., and the LAKE RISKS on hulls or cargoes of vessels, at the customary rates.

☞ Applications for risks may be made to the undersigned at the warehouse of Burbridge, Wilson & Co., on Water street, or to Samuel Herron, at the office of the Firemens' Insurance Co., corner of Market and Fifth sts., up stairs. JAS. W. BURBRIDGE, Agent.

sep26-ly

THE GIRARD LIFE INSURANCE, ANNUITY AND TRUST COMPANY of Philadelphia, Chartered in 1836—Charter Perpetual;—Capital, $300,000—BENJAMIN W. RICHARDS, President.—Continues to make insurance on lives, grant annuities and endowments, and accept trusts from individuals, corporate bodies, and courts of justice, and execute them agreeably to the desire of the parties, and receive deposites of money in trust or on interest.

The Company add a bonus at stated periods to the insurance for life, and on the 20th of January last, an addition was made to all policies for life, remaining in force and issued prior to January 1st, 1842, amounting to 10 per cent. on the sum insured in policies issued in 1837, 7½ per cent. on policies issued in 1838, and in rateable proportions according to their respective dates.

The chief object of an insurance for life is to provide a sum of money at the death of the party insured, for the benefit of a widow, children, friends or creditors; and it will be seen on an examination of the table of rates of the life insurance, which will be furnished by the subscriber to all who may feel an interest in the subject, that by paying a small sum to the office every year during his life, a person may secure to his family a very considerable amount at his decease.

Wherever the system of Life Insurance is properly understood, it is extensively adopted, and its great advantages to all, but more especially to those who depend on their own exertions for the support of their families, or who may be desirous to secure the payment of a sum of money to their friends, creditors or children, at their decease, which they might be otherwise unable to accomplish, that the operation of the system needs but to be explained to ensure the serious consideration of the public.

In several instances it has happened that the party insured has died shortly after, having paid only one or two instalments of the premium, when his family have received from this office the full amount for which he had insured.

Full information on this important subject may be obtained by applying, personally, or by letter (post-paid) at the office of the subscriber, the authorized agent of the Girard Life Insurance Company.

WILLIAM BAKEWELL,
Bakewell's Law Buildings, Grant street.
aug 20-6m Pittsburgh.

FIRE PROOF ROOFING.—The subscriber is now prepared to execute orders for Beacon's Patent Composition Fire Proof Roofing, at a cost considerably *less* than the ordinary Shingle Roofing, and warrants for five years, a specimen of which can be seen at the corner of Front, at Mr. Varner's Hotel. This composition is far preferable to metalic roofing, as it is a non-conductor of heat—nothing whatever for the cost for any metalic work on the above purpose.

The article is superceding almost entirely every other method of roofing in some of the Eastern cities, and only wants to be known for its general adoption.

L. E. BACKUS.

A few testimonials of its merits are subjoined.—

NEWARK, N. J., May 16, 1845.

Some three or four years since we had the Zinc roofing taken off our building, and Mr. Bacon covered them with his Composition Roofing, which answered an excellent purpose for over two years, and until the buildings were destroyed by fire; at which time it was observed that they stood the fire extremely well, did not conduct it, and in fact did not consume as fast as the boards or planks upon which the Composition was laid.

Our buildings have been rebuilt within the last year, and they are entirely covered with the said Composition, although of great width and length, and forming together an area of rising 12,000 square feet, showing sufficiently, we think, the estimation we have of such roofing and our confidence therein. HEDENBURG & SON.

"Hedenbern's Works."

Office of the Mechanic's F. I. Co.,
NEWARK, N. J., May 17, 1845.

Since the fire in the Messrs. Hedenburg & Son's building, an alarming fire broke out of a large building adjacent to Mr. J. M. Quinby's factory buildings, under insurance by this Company, which were much exposed; one of them with the composition Roof, was in danger of being consumed in a few minutes, and the roof escaped injury, while many of its windows and some of its doors were destroyed.

From my observation and the opinion expressed either by persons who have taken pains to inform themselves with respect to Mr. Simeon Bacon, Jr.'s composition, I am convinced that it is equal, if not superior to zinc for roofing.

W. A. MYER, President.

To all whom it may concern, this is so certify that I have had one of Mr. Bacon's composition Roofs in use for two or three years past, and am well pleased with it. I tried it in the first place on one of my workshops, and after giving it a fair trial, I had the zinc roofs taken off of the rest of my factory, and this composition put on, and find it to answer much better, and I cordially recommend it to public favor. J. M. QUINBY.

NEWARK, May 12, 1845.

This is to certify that I have had one of Mr. Bacon's Composition Roofs on my shop for the last year, and, as far as my experience goes, would recommend it to general use. M. GOULD.

NEWARK, May 16, 1845.

Being well assured, upon particular enquiry, that Bacon's Composition Roofing is in all respects preferable to tin, we have adopted this method of covering our manufactories, Hope Buildings, No. 2, which are 125 by 30 feet.

ELLISON, CONGER & SONS.

NEWARK, May 14, 1845.

We, Master Builders of Newark, N. J., having seen for the last two or three years, Bacon's Patent Composition Roofing, both on account of its protection in case of fire, and its entire protection from water,

ISAAC BROWN,
BENJ. W. TUCKER,
THOS. KIRKPATRICK,
ISAAC N. BALDWIN,
EDWARD C. DODGE.

Newark, May 16, 1845. [sep 30] aug 7-tf

CONSUMPTION!—*Thompson's* Compound Syrup, tar and wood naptha, for the cure of pulmonary consumption, asthma, bronchitis, spitting blood, pain in the side and breast, sore throat, hoarseness, palpitation of the heart, whooping cough, croup, hives, nervous tremors, liver complaint and diseased kidneys, are radically cured by Thompson's compound syrup of tar and wood naptha.

CONSUMPTIVES, READ AND REFLECT.—Let the following speak for itself:

The Portland (Me.) Advertiser says: "This remedy has been more successful than any medicine we have ever known, for its numerous cures in consumption, spitting of blood, pain in the side and breast, bronchitis, asthma, obstinate coughs, hoarseness, sore throat, palpitation of the heart, whooping cough, croup, nervous tremors, &c. Individuals of the highest respectability in this city, bear ample testimony to its power and efficacy in this class of diseases.

This invaluable medicine is prepared only by S. P THOMPSON, north-east corner of Fifth and Spruce sts., Philadelphia, to whom all orders and communications must be addressed. Price, 50 cents per bottle; or, six bottles for $2.50.

For sale at the Bookstore of McDOWELL & Co., Ag'ts, Federal street, Allegheny City. dec 22-3m

Foreign Wines, Brandies and Gin.

4 half pipes	Old Cognac Brandy,	"Martel.
2 "	" "	"Pinet Castillon & Co"
2 qr casks fine old	"	"Godard & Co."
2 " " " "	"	"Otard Dupuy & Co."
2 " " Bordeaux	"	"J. J. Dupuy & Co."
2 pipes	"	" "
2 qr casks fine pale cognac	"	"Maglory."
2 " " Rochelle	"	"A. Seignette."

2 pipes Holland Gin, Fish brand.
1 puncheon old Irish whiskey, fifth proof, on draught.
1 puncheon Jamaica spirits, on draught.
10 hhds Oporto Wine, of various grades.
5 qr casks supr L. P. Maderia Wine.

Together with a general assortment of all the different kinds of Wines and Liquors, for sale by cask, barrel and demijohn by MILLER & RICKETSON,
dec 22-ly No. 170 Liberty street.

To Families, Boats, &c.

THE subscriber has on hand for the Holidays, choice Teas and Groceries of every description, with a full assortment of pure Wines and Liquors, foreign and domestic Fruits of every kind, which he invites all to call and examine for themselves, at No. 60 Water st.

dec 23-ly P. C. MARTIN.

FOR EVENING PARTIES.—A rich lot of light vestings, consisting of plain white and white embroidered Marseilles, salmon color and white cashmeres, embroidered silk, silk and wool do., all of which will be made in style, at short notice, and reasonable rates.

ALGEO, McGUIRE & CO.,
dec 20-ly 25½ Liberty st.

Miscellaneous.

DAMANTINE STAR CANDLES—50 boxes assorted Crumpton & Co.'s manufacture, for sale by
dec 20 POINDEXTER & Co.

AXES—26 doz Collins' and other brands, for sale by
dec 20 POINDEXTER & Co.

AT *Private Sale*—100 tons first quality Hanging Rock hot blast Pig Iron. E. W. LYND,
dec 33 Nos. 61 and 63, Wood st.

AMERICAN Premium Cassimere, a beautiful article of American premium Cassimere.
ALEXANDER & DAY,
dec 22-ly 75 Market street.

AN assortment of Roussel's and Lubin's Extracts, and Rosewood Extract Boxes, for sale by
J. M. TOWNSEND,
dec 22-ly No. 45 Market st.

ALISON'S HISTORY OF EUROPE, in 4 vols.: for sale by C. H. KAY,
dec 22-ly corner Wood and 3d sts.

A NEW NOVEL!—The Foster Brother, or the War in Chiozza; just received and for sale at COOK'S,
dec 22-ly 86 Fourth st.

ALUM—25 bbls. received per steamer Lancaster, for sale by HEMSEN,
dec 22-3t 20 Second and 60 Front sts.

ALPACAS *and Merinos*, figured and plain, a large assortment always to be found at J. CANNON'S,
dec 23-tf 88 Market st

ALPACAS AND LUSTRES—W. R. Murphy invites buyers of these goods to look at his large stock, before making their purchases, his assortment being very complete, and at lowest cash prices. A few pieces lustre lately received, very superior, the finest ever imported.

dec 22-ly

BOX *Raisins*.—50 boxes fresh M. R. Raisins, just rec'd and for sale by MILLER & RICKETSON
dec 23 170 Liberty st.

BUCKETS—A beautiful article of brass bound cedar Buckets and Keelers, at WILLIAMS' Family Grocery, No. 25 Smithfield st. dec 23-ly

BLANKETS, of nearly every size and price, from $2 to $10, including some very superior (premium blankets) to be had at [dec 22-ly] W. R. MURPHY'S.

BINDERS' BOARDS.—500 bdls straw Binders' Boards, Chambersburg manufacture, in store and for sale by
dec 22-ly POINDEXTER & Co.

BROOMS.—75 doz. Brooms, for sale by
dec 22-ly POINDEXTER & Co.

BUCKETS.—100 doz. Beaver Buckets, for sale by
dec 22-ly POINDEXTER & Co.

BROADCLOTHS, of all colors and qualities, unusually cheap for cash. WM. B. SHAFFER,
Pittsburgh Clothing Store,
dec 22-ly corner of Wood and Water sts.

BEAVER CLOTHS—Bronze and gold mixed Beaver Cloths, a new and handsome article, lately received at
dec 12-ly W. R. MURPHY'S.

BROWN DOMESTIC FLANNELS, and twill'd barred do., to be had at the cash dry goods house of
dec 12-ly W. R. MURPHY.

BLACK WORSTED SHIRTS—An excellent article for colliers and laborers in foundries and furnaces, to be had at W. R. MURPHY'S,
dec 12-ly Corner of Market and Fourth sts.

BANCROFT'S HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES —in 3 vols.—for sale by C. H. KAY,
dec 20-ly corner Wood and 3d sts.

BRASS CLOCKS.—A large assortment of 8 day and 30 hour Brass Clocks, wholesale and retail, by D. SANDS,
dec 20-3t No. 7 Fifth st., near Market.

BUTTER.—12 kegs No. 1 for sale by
dec 20 M. D. & J. PATTON.

BORDEAUX ALMONDS—600 lbs. soft shelled Almonds, for sale by [dec 20] P. C. MARTIN.

CITRONS.—5 boxes fresh Citrons, rec'd and for sale by REINHART & JONES,
dec 22-ly 140 Liberty st.

CHESNUTS—10 bushels Chesnuts for sale low by
dec 23-ly P. C. MARTIN.

COFFEE—80 bags prime Rio, in store and for sale by G. S. WILLIAMS,
dec 23-ly No. 25 Smithfield st.

CITRON, Preserved Ginger, ground spices, &c., warranted pure, always on hand at No. 23 Smithfield street. dec 23-ly

CUT Glass Toilet Bottles, and fancy Boxes of ebony, rosewood and paper, for sale by J. M. TOWNSEND,
dec 23-ly 45 Market st.

COTTON YARNS AND BATTING—100,000 pounds Cotton Yarns, 300 bales Batting: for sale by
dec 22-ly POINDEXTER & Co.

COPPERAS.—75 bbls. Copperas in store and for sale by
dec 22-ly POINDEXTER & Co.

CHEWING TOBACCO.—A superior article, expressly for retail purchasers; also an excellent assortment of half Spanish and common Cigars, constantly on hand.

dec 22-ly G. WILSON, 51 Market st.

CUBA CHEESE.—95 bales just received and for sale —also an assortment of Labels. G. WILSON,
dec 21-ly 51 Market st. between 3d and 4th.

COCOA NUTS—1,000, large and fresh, just received and for sale by A. J. BONNET,
dec 22-ly 162 Liberty st.

COTTON YARNS—Cotton Yarns, long and short reel, for sale by ATWOOD, JONES & CO.
dec 22-ly

CANDLES.—17 boxes New Bedford Sperm Candles, in store and to arrive per [illegible] for sale by
dec 20 No. 170 Liberty st.

CASTILE and Palm SOAPS, of several different kinds—for sale by J. M. TOWNSEND,
dec 20-ly No. 45 Market st.

CURRANTS.—800 lbs. fresh Burrants, just received and for sale by REINHART & JONES,
dec 10-ly 140 Liberty st.

CREAM NUTS—400 bbls. Cream Nuts, for sale by
dec 20 P. C. MARTIN.

CURRANTS—200 lbs. fresh Zante Currants, on hand and for sale by [dec 20] P. C. MARTIN.

J. C. CRUMPTON, JOS. G. DAVIS, WM. W. CRUMPTON.

CRUMPTON & CO.,—Manufacturers of Admantine Star Candles, (superior to any Wax or Spermaceti) Pittsburgh.

The above article constantly on hand and for sale by JOS. G. DAVIS,
dec 20 No. 36, Water street.

CAMPHOR.—3 barrels Camphor for sale by
dec 20-ly B. A. FAHNESTOCK & Co.
corner Sixth and Wood sts.

COFFEE.—150 bags green Rio Coffee;
10 " old Laguara "
10 " " Maricaibo "
10 " " Java "

Just received and for sale by REINHART & JONES,
dec 20-ly 140 Liberty st.

CLIPPED LOGWOOD.—250 bbls. Clipped Logwood for sale by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & Co.
dec 20-ly corner Sixth and Wood sts.

CASSIMERES AND CASSINETTS, in great variety suited to the season, for sale by
W. B. SHAFFER,
Pittsburgh Clothing Store,
dec 20-ly corner of Wood and Water sts.

COFFEE.—100 bags prime Rio for sale by
dec 20 JOHN PARKER,
No. 5 Commercial Row, Liberty st.

CORN BROOMS.—80 doz. received and for sale by
dec 20 M. D. & J. PATTON.

CHARCOAL.—25 bbls. (ground sugar tree) suitable for rectifying whiskey, &c., in store and for sale by
dec 20 M. D. & J. PATTON.

CHAMPAGNE WINE.—20 baskets, quarts and pints, "P. A. Mumm & Co.," for sale by
MILLER & RICKETSON,
dec 20 No. 170 Liberty st.

COFFEE—3g3 bags prime Rio Coffee in store and for sale by MILLER & RICKETSON.

CHILLICOTHE SOAP—150 boxes in store and for sale by MILLER & RICKETSON,
dec 20 No. 170 Liberty st.

COFFEE—150 Bags handsome green Rio, for sale by
dec 20 POINDEXTER & Co.

CIGARS.—20,000 old Principe Cigars, for sale wholesale and retail by GEO. WILSON,
dec 20-ly Market street.

CHEESE—Prime old Goshen and Sapsago, for sale by REINHART & JONES,
dec 10-ly 140 Liberty st.

COAL WANTED.—W. R. Murphy will exchange Dry Goods, at lowest cash prices, for a few hundred bushels Coal. dec 2-ly

CASSIMERES.—A fine assortment of Cassimeres just opened and for sale by WM. B. SHAFFER,
nov 19-ly corner of Wood and Water sts.

COMFORTS.—Worsted and woollen Comforts, for boys and men, from 12½ to 62½c., to be had at
dec 12-ly W. R. MURPHY'S.

CIGARS—A few thousand very superior Havana Cigars, for sale at the New York Custom House price, at the Drug Store of H. SMYSER,
dec 18-ly cor Market and 3d sts.

CHEAP RED FLANNELS.—Just opened a lot of very cheap Red Flannels. ALEXANDER & DAY,
dec 17-ly 75 Market street.

CHEESE.—1,400 lbs. Western Reserve Cheese, in store and for sale by J. PARK & CO.,
dec 12-ly At their new store, 112 and 114 Second st.

DRIED APPLES.—63 bush. Dried Apples, just received and for sale by A. J. BONNET,
dec 22-ly 162 Liberty st.

DRIED APPLES.—800 bushels received and for sale by
dec 20 M. D. & J. PATTON.

DINNEFORD'S improved horse hair Flesh Gloves and Brushes, a new article; for sale by J. M. TOWNSEND,
dec 20-ly No. 45 Market st.

DRESS SCARFS AND CRAVATS for gentlemen.—A few choice pieces of the above goods secured from the importers—light colors, all silk, and very appropriate styles—for sale at ALGEO, McGUIRE & CO.'S
dec 20-ly Fashionable Head Quarters.

EXTRACT LOGWOOD.—66 cases Extract Logwood, for sale by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & Co.
dec 22 corner Sixth and Wood sts.

EYE SALVE—A useful application in inflammation of the *Eye* and its membranes, for sale at the drug store of H. SMYSER,
dec 22-ly corner of Market and 3d sts.

EMERY.20 kegs assorted Emerp for sale by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & Co.,
dec 22 corner Sixth and Wood stt.

ESSENTIAL OILS.—Oil Peppermint, Origanum, Lemon, Cloves, Almonds, Lavender, Wintergreen, Sassafras, Savin, Succini, Juniper, Rosemary, Spruce, Cinnamon; for sale by R. E. SELLERS,
dec 6-ly No. 67 Wood st.

EXTRACTS of Patchouly, Hedeosmya, Verbena, Cape Jessamine, Violet, Magnolia, &c, for sale by J. M. TOWNSEND,
dec 23-ly 45 Market st.

ENVELOPES.—Just received, a splendid assortment of all kinds of Envelopes, and prices moderate, at COOK'S, 85 Fourth st.
dec 22-ly

FLANNELS AND LINSEYS—An excellent stock of these goods are now open and offered low, wholesale and retail at W R MURPHY'S.
dec 20

FRUIT.—3 cases French Prunes, in glass jars;
2 boxes Lemons;
5 " candied Citron;
50 drums Smyrna Figs;
Just receceived and for sale by A. J. BONNET,
dec 20-ly 162 Liberty st.

FROISSART'S CHRONICLES.—A new and cheap edition in one large vol., for sale at COOK'S,
dec 22-ly 85 Fourth st.

FEATHERS.—8 sacks in store and for sale by
dec 22-ly POINDEXTER & Co.

FRESH SMYRNA FIGS.—30 drums, in prime order, just rec'd and for sale by

Daily Commercial Journal.

ROBERT M. RIDDLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 24.

TERMS.

DAILY PAPER—Five Dollars per annum, to present subscribers. ☞ On the first of January, our terms for the Daily paper will be slightly altered.
TRI-WEEKLY—Three Dollars per annum.
WEEKLY—Two Dollars per annum in advance.

Dimler vs. Bailey.

This case has excited more interest, perhaps, than any other that has been tried in our Courts for a number of years. The action was instituted for the recovery of damages for injuries resulting to the plaintiff, from alleged maltreatment during his apprenticeship with the defendant. If we understand aright, fourteen or fifteen years have elapsed since the plaintiff left Mr. Bailey's service. He is, and has been, a cripple for many years, and the attempt is recently made to show that his disabilities are the consequence of maltreatment while in the service of Mr. Bailey, and a claim of damages is laid at $20,000. About the merits of the case, we can now have nothing to say, since it is possible a new trial may be instituted. In such circumstances, the opinion we have made up, no matter how earnestly we may desire to strengthen the ministrations of justice, could not be expressed without gross impropriety.

The verdict in this trial was, as we predicted it would be, in favor of the defendant. A legal point was made by the defendant's counsel, which the Court considered fully sustainable, and so charged the jury. The plaintiff's counsel, young but quick, seized a non-suit before the verdict was opened, and the result is that the case is open for another trial on the merits, if the plaintiff so determine.

We regret extremely, that we had no reporter present to furnish a full detail of this exciting case. We had the pleasure, however, of hearing the counsel in argument, and certainly it is no reflection on other cases to say that more brilliant ability, never was exhibited in the trial of any case since Allegheny was a County.

Mr. Austin opened for the plaintiff. His silver voice was highly tuned for the occasion, and for a full hour and a half he held the jury and a crowded auditory, in silent but deep felt admiration. His argument was clear, forcible, and to the purpose, while his touches of beauty and thrusts of sarcasm, were indeed effectual. Occasionally we considered him too harsh, nevertheless he made a great speech.

Our friend Col. McCandless followed for the defendant. He was, as usual with him in point of power, wit and eloquence. He opened by reading to the jury a text of Scripture, the effects of which were evidently felt. It was a strange beginning, but not more strange than the ingenuity with which the learned counsel turned important facts of the opposing side to good account for his client.

Mr. A. W. Loomis next addressed the jury, and it is enough to say of this accomplished advocate, that he surpassed his usual efforts. For two hours and a half his powerful abilities never for a moment flagged. His opening was beautiful, strong and lucid in argument; and his conclusion, in the highest degree effective and eloquent.

On behalf of the plaintiff, the case was summed up by Samuel W. Black. It is not to be denied that his friends felt uneasy for the result. When he began to speak, the Court room was a perfect jam, and not a man left until the conclusion. His style is known to be at times, violent and impetuous, but on this occasion, he seemed to feel the full weight of his responsibility, and although ardent in his manner, he very evidently considered with marked caution, the important part he had to play. Not a fact in the whole case small or great, escaped his searching ingenuity, the essence of each was analysed with surpassing skill, all objections removed until the listner would have supposed the defendant had no evidence in the cause. Although we have neither been enabled to approve his political course, nor sustain him as a candidate for the popular suffrages, yet it is well known we have never concealed our personal partialities for Mr. Black. Hence we listened to him in this instance with a wrapt interest affection may have prompted, but his own strong powers, heightened and sustained. We felt proud of our friend, when on this occasion, we saw him young, and in some degree immatured in reputation, struggling with the ablest of his profession, and by common award, gaining a signal triumph. The greatness of the occasion seemed to make him great. We will not run the narrative further, but conclude by insisting that four more beautiful and able speeches were never made in Pennsylvania, than we listened to in Dimler vs. Bailey.

Review.

We offered to inform the editor of the American how much Mr. Z. *McDonald had to do with sug.* gesting or writing "Autumn," on condition that he would agree to publish our reply. He has, in rejoinder, the following. As we have leisure to-day, we devote it to him.

The editor of the Journal cannot answer a plain question, in which his veracity is involved, but upon conditions. He has long claimed the authorship of the article in question—he did so as late as last week. He now finds his claim questioned, but requires a condition in advance of an answer. We admit freely and at once, that Autumn was a very handsome thing—and the surprise has long been, that one who claimed to be the author should never have produced, in his long succeeding editorial career, any thing resembling it—or any thing in imitation of it, but a "midnight" murder "on the Allegheny."

Now, there are three points made here. Our veracity cannot be involved by any question of the American, for no body is expected to regard his "questions" as any thing else than the pulsations of a very innocent, but active malignity. Therefore, when we affix a condition to our engagement to answer the American, it must not be supposed it is because we regard his imputations, that we reply at all, but because such is the bent of our humor. We repeat the condition, then. We will give our gay, and witty, and critical, and humorous, and severe friend, full satisfaction about the real authorship of "Autumn," if he will promise to publish in his own columns the information we give, and it shall not exceed eigh lines. That point of the editor's is disposed of. Another point is, that the editor of the American admits freely and at once that "Autumn was a very handsome thing" and he admitted previously that it was "a gem of fugitive beauty," (the fellow is getting elegant though incorrect again.) We place these admissions of record, because they may ultimately, greatly advance our reputation as a writer. We have much reliance upon the critical judgment of the American, and his good opinion of Autumn must at once and forever cutitle that fragment to a high place among elegant prose extracts.

If the editor has not English enough to express sens:, nor sense enough to write English, no matter, the germ of critical acumen is in him, and with the aid of Cobb's Speller and Webster's abbreviated lexicon, it will come out some day. While on this point of our elegant friend's characteristics, we will just illustrate his capacity for the part of censor, by republishng here, the trifle which has so animated the editor of the American with interest in in our past writings. It was the cause of all our late friendly passages with the pen and may be necessary to a proper appreciation of the erudit editor's motive for bepraising our "autumn" and threatening. Oh horrible idea! to rob us of the the credit of having conceived, and written it,

Here is the illustration alluded to. We take it from the Commercial Journal of Dec 11th.

☞ One of the funniest things imaginable, would be an elephant, ponderous, awkward and lazy, squaring off for a cotillon. We think we can see the animal attempting to frisk off in a *chassez*, or skipping out for a "forward and back and back to back." Does the humour of the thing strike the reader? Well, the figure is not altogether of our creation, but suggests itself naturally, from the editor of the American *turning critic*; and of that respectable gentleman, in that very foreign character, the elephant, aspiring to a cotillion, is a very complete picture.

This editor assumed to criticise a somewhat extravagant, but very beautiful fragment, from the pen of our local contributor.—Midnight on the Allegheny. He felt that there was too wide a poetic license taken by the writer, and he attempted ridicule; but so ignorant is he of the simplest rules of composition, that he could mark no defect, and when he had exhausted his powers of sarcasm, one could merely perceive that the editor of the American was endeavoring to be very savage, without intelligence enough to communicate his humors. He did not know himself, what he would be at, and how could he enlighten others? The editor of the American turned critic! How admirably he is qualified to play censor, to sit in judgment on the style and structure of sentences, to regulate taste, is very aptly illustrated in his sheet of Tuesday. We shall say nothing of "unisle," which is about of a piece with "a penny whissel," for that is but his loose way of spelling, and he will never "brake" himself of that, (altho' by the bye, one ought always to pass decently in orthography before he takes a degree in syntax,) but we will try the editor by one of his crack paragraphs:

From the Pittsburgh American.

"Novelty.

"We saw yesterday what was a real novelty for which the inventor deserves credit for his ingenuity in getting up. A gentleman came down Liberty street, apparently from a journey, seated in a buggy, under the wheels of which on each side were fastened a sappling—such as jumpers are made. It was now a carriage with wheels and all upon runners, and he glided along as glibly over the well beaten snow as any sleigh among them all. He wanted nothing of a sleigh apparently but bells."

It is clearly free from *typographical errors*, and may be taken as a fair specimen of what the editor *can* do. It would be very valuable to any one desiring to publish an illustration of false orthography and false syntax, for in so few lines one does not often meet with an equal number of the most stupid and ignorant blunders. We abstain from italics, as they would dull the edge of curiosity. But think of it! the meat-axy dissector of "Midnight on the Allegheny" inditing such a paragraph! Why, the "real novelty for which the inventor deserves credit for his ingenuity in getting up" is nothing to "the man that his father died of the small pox that came down in the canal boat that wanted to see a preacher." And as for that "sappling" that "were" fastened, it is no more than this "coppy" that our devil "are" a waiting for.

The editor of the American a critic!

This republication reminds us of another point made by the Editor. He seems to doubt the assertion that Mr. Kaine wrote "Midnight on the Allegheny," and evidently believes that we alone, were competent to write it.

Mr. Kaine put the Editor right on this point, but we presume he could not understand the language, which he can neither spell nor write, and we don't marvel.

We are reminded that our article grows long and notwithstanding, the absorbing interest we feel about the authorship of "Autumn," and our anxiety to clear our skirts of "Midnight on the Allegheny," we must wind up for to-day. But we will return to the subject on the very next day we have leisure, for such is our respect for the Editor of the American, that like his prototype Dogberry. "Were we tedious as a king, we could find it in our heart to bestow it all of his worship." Perhaps we strain a point, when we charge that Dogberry was our friend's prototype. Dogberry only wished "that he were here to write me down an Ass." while our literary friend of the American wrote himself down an Ass, and that in immortal verse which lives yet in the columns of his own paper.

We will amend all errors in our next notice, which shall be at our first leisure day. With the compliments of the season to Snarley, we are his'n.

☞ We hasten to set right our elegant, respectable and friendly neighbor of the American. He says, among other things, that he denounced us for certain alleged treasons to the Whigs, and he interprets an allusion of ours to him in yesterday's paper, into a "complaint!" Hear him:

"For these offences we indicted him. It is of this he wishes to make a commodity and complains that he is a persecuted man."

WE "complain" of "persecution" by the editor of the American? Whoop, hurra! Complain of Snarley! Why, of all things on earth possible, probable, or conceivable, the very last that would occur to us, would be to feel aggrieved by anything our good friend of the American could say or do; less likely still, is it, that we would or could "complain" of him. Why, he utterly undervalues and mistakes the character of his services to us. The fact is, we could not do without him. He has been our little penny dog so long—now well into five years—trotting steadily along at our foot, wagging his amusing little tail, to remind us we had company; ever and anon sticking his harmless little teeth into the heel of our boot, diverting without hurting us—that we should be miserable without him. We would not dispense with his help for a consideration. When Snarley ceases to "tortle" at our foot, to snap now and then, and yelp when we kick him, we shall be sure we are not doing our duty. The thing is not to be thought of. We pray our orthographical friend to dismiss the fear, we have not complained of him, but, as in the very article he alludes to, disclaimed complaint.

At to the charges of Tylerism, Snarley must know we pay no attention to them from that quarter. We were a thorough Tyler man; and when any decent body will charge that we were corruptly so, we will not call him a liar, but prove him to be in the matter of veracity, no more respectable than the editor of the American. But, meanwhile, Snarley must not suspect us of "complaining." Were he to begin to let us alone, we should lose spirits and probably emulate that Falstaff that Snarley, with ready sympathy, quotes for us—forswear sack and live cleanly as becomes a gentleman. But we cannot do without our Snarley.

Accident.

On Thursday last, a young lad, son of Wm. Moore, living in the edge of Washington county, strolled into a Coal pit, from motives of curiosity, we believe, when the slate roof, (horse back) of the pit gave way over his head and buried him, crushing the right leg and thigh in a shocking manner. He was got out promptly, and surgical aid was speedily procured. On *On Sunday last*, however, it found necessary to amputate the limb. Dr. Geo. S. Hays performed the operation, and we are informed to-day, that the boy is doing well.

☞ Some of our friends in commending our efforts to please them, have remarked to us their surprise that we can afford to give so large an amount of matter. To prevent disappointment on the part of those who make this mistake of supposing that we can give or intend to give ten or eleven of our columns of reading matter, we may as well inform them that our intention is to give no more than the usual amount, about six columns of original matter each day. That we have given more thus far in the new sheet, is owing to the very great enlargement of its dimensions, and the use of much smaller type than the old, affording us more space than we could fill at once, with the advertisements then standing. We will give as much new matter, at least, as any other city daily, but it must not be expected that we will give more and charge less.

☞ The haste with which our new form was got up while we continued to issue from the old one, caused considerable confusion in our office, and we could not, under such circumstances, escape numerous typographical errors. This will not be the case hereafter, as we have got things now nearly "st to rights."

From Washington.

Neither House of Congress was in session last Saturday.

The trial of M'Nulty is still progressing.

Hon. L. C. Levin is spoken of by the letter writers as one of the "tigers," instead of "lions" of the city.

For the Commercial Journal.

Liberty Meeting.

At a meeting of the Liberty Party of Allegheny City, held in the Ark, on Monday evening, the 22d inst. for the purpose of putting in nomination a suitable person for Mayor of the City, Zachariah Reno was called to the Chair, and T. M. Caruthers appointed Secretary.

After an interesting speech from Mr. Fleeson, on the duty of Liberty men, the meeting proceeded to ballot, which resulted in the nomination of CHARLES W. BENNY for Mayor, and John B. Sanderson for Director of the Poor House.

It was on motion resolved that this meeting recommend that candidates for Councils, &c., be taken up in the several wards of the city.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published. ZACH. RENO, Pres't.
T. M. CARUTHERS, Sec'y.

For the Commercial Journal.

Liberty Meeting.

At a meeting of the Liberty Party held at the house of Mr. Robert McKinnel, on Saturday evening, Dec. 20th, 1845, Mr. Robt. McKinnel was called to the chair, and John A. Wills was appointed Secretary.

On motion of Jas. H. M'Clelland, Dr. JOSEPH P. GAZZAM was unanimously nominated as the candidate of the Liberty party for Mayor of the city of Pittsburgh, at the approaching election.

On motion, Resolved, That candidates be nominated for the offices of Overseer of the Poor: James Dening and John Marshall, Sen., were accordingly nominated.

Resolved, That it be recommended to the several wards of the city, to nominate and support candidates for the City Councils.

Resolved, That the late infamous and inhuman conduct of Dr. P. Falmestock in refusing a colored boy refuge in the Small Pox Asylum of this city, and the approval of his conduct by the Sanitary Committee of the Councils, show the necessity of vigorously carrying our principles into our city elections.

Resolved, That every Liberty man be called upon to show his faith by his works, in voting at the coming city election.

Resolved, That a Standing Committee on City Elections, consisting of one member from each ward in the city, be appointed to serve for one year.

On motion, the following gentlemen were appointed said committee: James McMasters, 1st ward; Aaron Floyd, 3d ward; Wm. Shore, 3d ward; Henry Higby, 4th ward; Oliver Reppert, 5th ward; J. G. Gillespie, 6th ward.

On motion, Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the officers and published in all the city papers. Adjourned.

ROBT. McKINNEL, Pres't.
JOHN A. WILLS, Sec'y.

Foreign News.

LATE FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the steam ship Acadia at Boston, with intelligence from Europe, Fifteen days later. The accounts are important, and the speculations of the press, with regard to the relations between Great Britain and the United States, are full of interest. We make very copious extracts:

The steam ship Acadia arrived at Boston at one o'clock, Friday morning, and we received our despatches by Adams & Co., over the Long Island Railroad, at half past 8 o'clock last evening.

The advices from Liverpool are to the 4th, London to the 3d, and Paris to the 1st inst., inclusive.

The intelligence, in every point of view, is important.

Among the passengers are Mr. Gaillardet and wife, H. Wykoff, and John L. O'Sullivan, of New York.

The temporary war panic of England, on the Oregon question—the effect it produced in France—the opinion of the press relative to a war—the scarcity of food in Great Britain—the commercial crisis—the railway panic—the frequent cabinet councils—and, finally, the peaceful aspect which the opinion in England assumed, in the early part of this month—are all important.

There had been a considerable comparative decline in cotton—a fall in flour—and a depression in the money market.

The iron market was still active and buoyant, though prices had somewhat receded.

The American provision market partakes, to some extent, of the reaction which has been recently witnessed.

The general state of trade in Manchester was much depressed.

The corn markets of Northern Europe are in a state of great activity. The grain marts of the Danube are said to be much excited, and prices range from 29s to 31s 6d. per quarter.

The railway panic has not subsided. On the contrary, it was in full force.

The extent of the injury which the potato crop has sustained, forms, as usual, an unfailing subject of inquiry and anxiety. The accounts are, upon the whole, of a sad and melancholy character.

There was not much news stirring in Germany; the religious excitement continues, and in Switzerland there will again be fighting this winter.—Food was scarce and high, and all this leads to make the people emigrate to the United States, where they are permitted to choose their own road to Heaven, and have plenty to eat.

Accounts have been received from New Zealand of another defeat of the British by the natives.

The new religion of Ronge continues to make progress in all directions. The church of Rome, now thoroughly frightened, is taking measures to oppose it.

Rumor points to the resignation of Lord Stanley, and his retirement from the government, probably—at least for a time—from public life.

The disaffection among the subjects of the Roman pontiff appears to be on the increase; the prisons being nearly all full, and the general police doubled.

Quite a number of incendiary fires have recently occured in the counties of Cambridgeshire and Suffolk.

The Russian government has issued another ukase against the Jews—forbidding them to sell wine or spirits in the empire.

The Lord Chancellor, who has been so seriously indisposed that his life was despaired of, is gradually recovering.

A number of individuals have been arrested at Posen, on suspicion of being engaged in a conspiracy in favor of Polish nationality.

The government of the Duchy of Saxe-Coburg has just published a decree declaring that in future the sittings of the states will be public.

A letter from Naples states that the King has given permission to have a railway constructed from Capua to the Roman frontier, near Caprano.

During recent violent tempests off the coast of Norway, eleven pilots lost their lives in attempting to board vessels in want of their aid.

On Monday week, Dr. Samuel Wilberforce, the new Bishop of Oxford, was elected with the usual formalities, by the Dean and Canons of Christ Church.

A new American story is announced for immediate publication, the production of the daughter of the celebrated novelist, J. Fenimore Cooper, under whose editorship it will appear.

Two or three suicides have lately been committed by parties who have been driven to the act by their pecuniary embarrassment arising from the railway speculation: one of the suicides from this cause was a chimney sweep!

The prize money about to be paid to the heroes of Scinde has been lodged in the Bank of England. The stamp duty on it has been paid into the stamp office, and amounts to the immense sum of £21,-355.

The late lady Holland has left an annuity of £2,000 to Lord John Russell, as an expression of the high respect which her ladyship entertained for the noble lord. On his lordship's death the annuity will be equally divided among the children of her late ladyship's daughter.

Lord Jersey has made an overture for reconciliation with his daughter and son-in-law, to the father of Captain Ibbetson.

The King of Prussia has just charged M. Theodore Kullide, a young Prussian sculpter, with the execution of a marble statue of the celebrated antiquary Winckelmann. The statute is to be placed in the Royal Museum of the Fine Arts in Berlin.

A continued stream of emigration is still pouring into Algiers from Minorca. On the 20th ult., the French government steamer Ancheron touched at Mahon, on her way to Algiers, and took on board a number of settlers. It is found that the climates of Algiers and Oran agree much better with the Spanish emigrants than the French ones.

THE CORN LAWS.—With the country in this frame of mind—harrassed by the fears of scarcity, and listening daily to the most eloquent and emphatic objurgation of the corn laws, to the operation of which the evil is more or less attributed—has appeared a letter addressed by Lord John Russell to his constituents, the citizens of London, in which he emphatically condemns the sliding scale, and declares himself an unconditional repealer.—The sensation which this letter has excited, is proportioned to the station of the writer, to the important interests at stake, and to the new combinations of parties which it involves. Many regard it as the doom of the existing ministry; it is certainly the doom of the corn laws. There is a hearty frankness about the letter which wins regard and conciliates respect. His lordship has long been known as the advocate of a fixed duty on corn; the whig budget of 1841 fixing the duty as high as 8s. per quarter; but the intervening years have witnessed a considerable declension from this figure on the part of Lord John Russell, and now, selecting the present moment of scarcity and apprehension, he repudiates all duty whatever, and goes as far in his condemnation of the present corn law as Cobden himself, or the most enthusiastic leaguer. As a stroke of policy, this movement of the whig leader is admirable, and as it would appear, has been followed, without concert, by Lord Morpeth, who has not only declared for total repeal, but has joined the league. For months, nay, for years past, passing events have pointed to the extinction of the duty on corn.—Public opinion has set in against the exclusion of the first necessary of life, and many respectable conservatives, taking the initiative, have foreshadowed the extinction of monopoly.—*Liverpool Times, Dec. 4.*

SYMPTOMS OF WAR.—Within the last few days a survey has been going on, under the direction of a naval officer in high rank, of the large mercantile steamers in the mail service of her Majesty, with a view to ascertaining their capabilities for carrying guns of the largest calibre. An arrangement has also been entered into, in virtue of which these steamers are to be placed at the command of Government in the event of their being required as vessels of war. These fine vessels were examined as to their strength for carrying guns and capabilities as war steamers in the event of their being required, by competent persons from Woolwich Dockyard before they left the East India Docks at Blackwall, for the conveyance of the mails, and copies of the reports were lodged at the Admiralty relative to them upwards of two years ago. Indeed, the Admiralty have been for some time in possession of sufficient information to be able to arm them, and the General Steam Navigation Company's and other large vessels, on the shortest notice.

CABINET COUNCIL.—Another cabinet council was held on Tuesday, at the foreign office. The ministers present were—Sir Robert Peel, the Duke of Wellington, Lord Wharncliffe, the Duke of Buccleuch, the Earl of Aberdeen, Lord Stanley, Sir James Graham, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, the Earl of Haddington, the Earl of Ripon, Lord Granville Somerset, the Earl of Lincoln, and the Right Hon. Sidney Herbert. The Council sat three hours and a half.

THE BORNEO PIRATES.—The stronghold of this nest of lawless beings has been destroyed by a squadron under the command of Sir T. Cochrane. The leader of the pirates, a fierce Arab, escaped, but about twenty of his followers were killed. The loss on the side of the British was seven killed and two wounded.

THE BRAZILIAN SLAVE CASE.—Yesterday morning the case of the Brazilian slave traders was ordered before the fifteen judges at Sergeant's Inn. The Court having heard Mr. Sergeant Manning and Mr. Collier for the prisoner, and Mr. Godson, the counsel for the Admiralty, in support of the conviction, have directed a second argument by the civilians. Sir John Dodson, the Advocate General, with Dr. Phillimore, for the crown, and Dr. Adams and Dr. Harding for the prisoners.

EFFECTS OF THE CLOSE OF THE OREGON NEGOTIATIONS IN ENGLAND AND FRANCE.—The news from western shores of the Atlantic recently, has excited more than ordinary interest. The Great Western, on her last trip, brought home a document which created nearly as much amazement as if a shell had been unexpectedly thrown with hostile intent, into a friendly citadel. The number of the Washington Union which claimed the whole of Oregon for the United States, and repudiated all negotiation on the subject, was scanned with painful feelings—was presumed to speak the sentiments of President Polk, and to foreshadow the tone of the forthcoming Message. The effect was such as we have described it. War and all its horrors stared every one in the face. There appeared to be no escape from it. Men move in masses—think and sympathize in herds—and "thoughts that breathe and words that burn" issuing simultaneously from a thousand lips, show how readily, under provocation, reason is subservient to passion. The poet has finely portrayed it:

"Honor! thou blood-stained god.
At whose red altar sit war and homicide,
Oh! to what madness will insult drive thy votaries!"

Writhing under the influence of this excited feeling, the Caledonia arrived on Friday with intelligence a week in advance of the Great Western, and the nature of her despatches had an emollient effect on the National impulse, which now beats again with comparitive coolness. It was then found that the article in the official paper was not understood, by those on the spot, to have an official character—that Mr. Polk had not yet thrown away the scabbard—that the Whigs, with their three P's—"peace, prosperity, and progression"—were inimical to war, and that Mr. Webster, at Boston had made a speech of a pacific and elevated character, in which an appeal to physical force on the Oregon question was denounced as folly and madness.

We have before stated and the repitition at the present time is almost superfluous, that as regards England, people here care little in what way the Oregon dispute may be patched up; the value of the territory is hardly rated beyond a pin's fee, and right glad would be the thinking, intelligent portion of the country if the 49th parallel of latitude would hit the views and the taste of the American government and people. The annoyance, the irritation, arises out of what is conceived to be the "bullying spirit" with which the United States' claim is advanced, which nationally wounds our national pride, and creates a frame of mind little calculated to produce amity or end in forbearance. The refusal of the President to refer the dispute to arbitration, looks like a "foregone conclusion," and is pointed to as a proof that the worst may still be apprehended from obstinate councils.

It has transpired during the last day or two, that Mr. Polk has repeated to the English cabinet the offer which they have rejected two or three times during the last quarter of a century, namely to divide the territory by the 49th parrallel of north latitude, and that they still adhere to making the Columbia the boundary, each nation being free of its waters. It is our curse to have a monopoly of some kind or other, always to fight for or to defend; some "vested interest" about which, the people in the aggregate know and care as much as a cow does for astronomy. The nation, if noses had been counted, would have accepted this offer by an overwhelming majority, but then the interests of the people and the interests of a powerful incorporated company diverge, and the government, like a harsh step mother, pets the favorite and plunders the family.

It is painful to speak of warlike preparations in the same breath that we refer to a misunderstanding with a friendly country, as it savors somewhat of the Milesian mode of settling a controversy with uplifted shillelah. But the fuss and pother—the activity and incessant energy which prevail in the English dockyards, the surveying the coast and the steam navy—all indicate a "black cloud" somewhere; it may be in the west or in the south, but the "powers that be" seem to be impressed with a belief that events are transparent enough to make this activity and outlay necessary. Captain Austin visited Liverpool last week, by order of the Admiralty, to gauge the capacity of the first class steamers as regards the carrying of heavy metal.—The British and North American, the West Indian and other vessels have undergone similar inspections. *Cui malo!* "Coming events cast their shadows before;" and our prayer is, that all this horrible making ready for the worst may prove superfluous, and that the "events to be cast" from these shadows, may, like *Banquo's ghost*, "come like shadows, so depart."

[From the London Standard, Nov 22.

The noise about the Oregon territory is plainly increasing in the United States; but notwithstanding the swell of clamor, there will be no serious consequences from it. They who will ultimately decide the question well known that, to the States war—aye, even one twelve months campaign—would bring ruin and speedy dissolution to the Commonwealth, and this danger they will not incur for the sake of the Oregon territory, which is of just as little worth to the trans-Atlantic republic as to ourselves. Goldsmith [we think it is in "the Citizen of the World"] indignantly denounces the sin and folly of Great Britain and France carrying on a destructive war about a "few acres of snow in Canada.

The United States, however, have none of these assurances—they do not constitute an old or compact, or even a populous state, for the mass of their people is reduced to a fourth of its numerical power by the vast extent of territory over which it is spread, and a sixth of the population is composed of implacable enemies—indelibly marked as enemies—that is of black slaves. And, besides sweeping their ships from every sea, and leaving them without a seaport, the war which their bullies pretend to threaten would eventually come home to their own doors; and what is to be the prize of this war—a few thousand square miles of snow? Not so much; some thousand miles of *terra incognita*. Democratical absurdity will go a great way, but it will not go quite so far as encountering risks so great for an object so contemptible. But if the Oregon territory is so little worth a war to acquire it, it may be asked, is it not as little worth defending? We answer, no; and the real motive of the American clamor will explain the reason of our answer. The real motive of the republic is hatred and jealousy of England. They do not want the Oregon territory for themselves, for they have already ten times as much land as they can occupy, and this western division presents no advantage for cultivation equal to the advantages possessed by the boundless waste of the interior. They want to wrest the Oregon from us, not that they themselves may have it, but that we may not have it.—They witness with angry and jealous eyes the rapid progress of population and a general improvement in the Canadas and the other British provinces. They know that a direct and open communication with the Pacific would infinitely accelerate the advances in wealth and strength of their northern neighbors—therefore they want to cut us off from the western coast. This is their object, and it shows the importance to some extent of the Oregon territory to us, however worthless in other respects, for, "aright of way" is equally valuable whether the path be over rocks or sterile sands, or, the richest and best cultivated ground. The threatened movement is aggressive in all respects, aggressive in motive, and aggressive in fact; and aggression may be wisely resisted, even though there is nothing valuable to defend. There is another good reason why the United States will not go to war for the Oregon—they cannot conquer it, and what is more, they know that they cannot conquer it. The very same circumstances to which they owe their own success in "the war of independence," namely, the distance of the aggressor from his recources, and the wild inhospitality of a boundless desert country, must defeat them in any attempt upon the Oregon. With the possession of Canada, and the friendship of Mexico, and the command of the, Great Britain would, for all military purposes, be much nearer to the Oregon than the United States are; and besides, we doubt not that in the particular locality, Great Britain would take up a merely defensive position, which is in all similar cases of war, as it is always in law, *melior casus*.

From the London Standard.

The Caledonia, which arrived last night at Liverpool, brings intelligence to the 16th inst.

We have copied from the Morning Herald a great mass of important intelligence, including an incomparable speech of great length delivered by Mr. Daniel Webster, beyond question the foremost man of his country, and among the very first men of any country or any age.

On the whole, the communications received by the Caledonia are less warlike and absurd than most of those which have lately reached us. Even the Union, the most violent of the journals of any note, has been compelled to back out of its extreme violence and pretensions.

It is true that the cry for the whole of Oregon still prevails among a part of the population—that part which always counsels a resort to extremities when it supposes its right to be the weakest.

The locofocos, with Mr. Polk at their head, feel that they have no pretence of right to that undivided possession of the Oregon which they claim, and, therefore, scorning all arbitration or accord, they will go to war for it. The wiser republicans, however, will hardly indulge them, for they well know, that if they force a war upon us, the British rights to Oregon will not be asserted in the desert, where the United States must establish their claim, but upon every sea and upon every coast which a ship can approach.

If the republicans commit the folly of attempting to seize the disputed territory by force, they cannot pretend hereafter that they have not been warned of the wickedness and insanity of the proceeding. One of their own citizens, and he, the wisest and best man among them, has plainly pointed out both to them. Mr. Webster is indeed the very man described by the poet, as by the mere force of character and wisdom composing the popular tempest.

"Ac cuti magno in populo, cum sæpe coorta est
Seditio sævitque animis ignobile vulgus,
Jamque faces et saxa volant, furor ministrat arma;
Tum pietate, gravem—ac meritis si forte virum,
Conspexere silent arrectisque auribus astant.
Ille regit dictis animos et pectora mulcet."

It remains to be seen whether the *ignobile vulgus* of the United States is more inexorable to character, sense and eloquence, than a Roman rabble; for questionless it would be difficult to find a better speech for its (pacific) purpose, even in the treasury of Roman eloquence, than the speech of Mr. Webster, which will be found in our next page.

There is something whimsical in Mr. Webster's proposition for the adjustment of the Oregon question; but we are not sure that it is not founded in good sense. He proposes that both Great Britain and the United States should withdraw their claims upon the disputed territory, and guarantee its existence as an independent State, formed by emigrants from both countries. The conception is at least a noble one, and it would probably be less agreeable in the United States than in England. The amount of American intelligence limits our space so much that we can barely add that large purchases of wheat and other grain have been made at New York for the British market, proof of the groundlessness of Lord John Russell's fears.

[From Paris Letter. Dec. 1.]

Upon the whole, the Oregon question has not attracted so much attention in this country as might have been expected from the vast interest it excites in England and the United States. Only some of the newspapers have dwelt upon it, and evidently none thoroughly understand the merits of the dispute between Great Britain and her ancient colony. Not one journal has entered into a serious and impartial investigation of the differing pretensions of both parties, and not one, consequently, can venture to decide which is right and which is wrong. The republican *National*, however, gives this morning a long article to prove that right and justice are with the United States. That such a position would be taken up by the clever republican organ was a matter of course; for it would not play its game at all to represent a monarchy in the right and a republic in the wrong. Besides, the great object of the *National* is to create war, if possible, at any risk and at any price. But, after all, the opinion of the *National* is not of much importance; the party it represents and the circulation it enjoys being inconsiderable as regards number and character. Still, it is right to add, that it earnestly exhorts the people of the United States to remain firm, assuring them that it is "impossible" for England to make war upon them for any provocation whatever. The *Siecle*, a daily opposition newspaper, of large circulation, edited by a deputy, and representing a party any thing but well disposed towards England, declares that the Americans have taken up "an aggressive attitude difficult to be justified;" that "having for twenty-seven years tolerated a common occupation of the territory, and negotiated at different times treaties for an equal division of it, they seem to have implicitly recognized the rights of their rivals." "The position of the English," it is added, "is purely defensive, and they cannot retreat from it.

Great Britain would become, for the entire world, an object of laughter, if, after having written its rights in treatise, and declared that she will maintain those rights by arms, she cedes, without fighting, at the first aggression." From other articles, however, in the same journal, it appears that the Siecle does not anticipate any hostilities between England and the United States. Some friendly power, it thinks, will arbitrate between them; and it complains strongly of M. Guizot, that he has not already taken the matter in hand, in the name of France, and insisted upon settling it. The Courier Francais is of opinion that the best way of settling the matter would be to declare the Oregon territory neutral, and to leave the inhabitants thereof, in 20 or 50 years, to dispose of themselves as they think fit. As to England and the United States, the Courrier believes they have no more right to Oregon than any other country—not even so much as France, which first discovered it. Nor does the Courrier believe that, come what may, will there be war. The Commerce laughs at the swagger of cousin Jonathan and the stern defiance of John Bull, as it calls them, but thinks that it is "all sound and fury, signifying nothing," the two countries being too closely identified in commercial and friendly relations to [illegible] for so trifling a matter. The Presse, also, [illegible] says, that if the old gentleman does fight, he will fight hard; in fact, the war, if war there be, will be a tough one, for it will be an "Englishman against an Englishman and a half." The France doesn't like England, and being ultra-monarchical, doesn't like the noisy republic; but the France does not believe that there will be hostilities—the matter will be settled by diplomatic arrangement, and the diplomatists of England will with their usual skill, completely outwit and dupe the unsuspecting and innocent Yankees. Poor things! The Constitutionel believes that Sir Robert Peel is anxious to resign, in which case he will be succeeded by the ultra-Tories, who will immediately plunge England into war, partly to avenge the hatred which the aristocracy feel for the United States, and partly to keep up the corn laws. The Constitutionel must have been asleep when he perpetrated such nonsensical twaddle, of which the least absurdity is an astounding ignorance of the state of political parties in England. The Constitutionel professes to believe that the threatened war is got by the English government to distract the attention of the people from other matters; but it admits that the English people deeming their rights invaded, are any thing but displeased with it. Neither the Journal des Debats, nor the Presse, nor the Epoque, the three principal journals of this country, have made any observations on the matter which are worth citing; the former has not said a single word, confining itself to a reproduction of the American news. To this summary of the opinions of the Parisian press on what may be called the great question of the day, I may add that the general opinion of the public appears to be, as far as an individual can speak of it, that there will be no hostilities—that, in fact, the row between John Bull and his cousin Jonathan is a family quarrel, which will end, as family quarrels generally do, by kissing and hugging. Almost all intelligent men, however, are of opinion that, be the consequences what they may, England will not recede from the position she has taken up.—They think it very probable that President Polk will have the bad taste and the imprudence to speak offensively of England in his address to Congress, and perhaps Congress may second him; but they do not think that either the President or Congress will venture to follow up their words by acts, when they see that England is not Mexico, and not a nation to be bullied. In short, they say that one country or the other will recede, but that assuredly it will not be England.

[From Paris Journal des Debates, Dec. 1]

"The difference of opinion between the two governments," says that leading Ministerial print, "is very great. It would merely have been a cause of coolness between the Cabinets, if the dispute had remained enveloped in diplomatic secrecy; but official declarations have been made, which give the question the most disastrous character; from a clashing of secondary interest, it has become a question of a point of honor. President Polk, doubtless in virtue of pledges given at the time of his election, inserted in his inauguration message, the most solemn document that can emanate from him, a passage which nothing had rendered necessary, and which declared the extreme opinion of the Western States. The English Cabinet was moved at this unexpected incident in the negotiation; Sir Robert Peel and Lord Aberdeen replied, in full Parliament, in terms as explicit as those made use of in the message. England did more; she count n ced at the expense of millions, her maritime preparations, at which France took umbrage in a very *mal-a-propos* manner, and which preparations have now raised the English navy to a formidable degree of power, she has taken her precautions as though a war might break out in the year 1846. The United States, on the contrary, have prepared nothing against such an eventuality. If things now passed as in the last century—if commerce had not created interests which render a declaration of war very difficult, we should say that everything depends on the message which President Polk is this day to deliver to Congress. In the event of that magistrate maintaining his assertion of last year there will only remain the last argument of kings and people; for of what avail would be negotiation thereafter. The question would no longer be as to the division of territory, for Mr. Polk will have Oregon entire. England has latterly proposed to leave it to arbitration, but this the President will not consent to.—What other arguments can therefore be brought forward but those which issue from the cannon's mouth? Electoral necessities can therefore alone explain the conduct of Mr. Polk, who had the reputation of being a calm and reserved man. He is a native of Tennessee, one of the Western States of the Union. It is on the West that he founds the hope of his reelection, and the West demands the entire of the Oregon territory. It is therefore with much reason that some of the American journals tell their countrymen that the Oregon question, which, to be understood, requires an attentive study of old treaties and diplomatic documents, is solved at once in every village of the West by political demagogues, who have read nothing, and who only know one thing—that they are sure to please the multitude and obtain their suffrages, by telling them that God has given them the new continent from one extremity to the other, for their exclusive use. However this may be, there is every reason to fear that the message of this day will be in accordance with the feelings of the democracy of the Western States. Private letters from America, which came down to the 10th November, hold out little to the contrary. The annexation of Texas caused the first election of Mr. Polk, and to secure his second, he wishes to obtain possession of Oregon. The calculation will be extravagant, but the general opinion at New York, at Philadelphia, and at Washington, is that the President will do it. A war between America and England will be a calamity for the civilized world, and by degrees every maritime nation may be drawn in to take part in the conflict, in consequence of the vexatious interruptions which neutrals will not fail to meet with in the desperate struggle which will desolate the surface of the ocean. But for England and for America it will be such an overturning of interests, that we

ea, an enormous business has latterly been done in Wheat, and prices are reported as being 1s. to 2s. 6d. qr. higher. There has been an active demand for Wheat at Antwerp, and almost every thing offering has been takenat improved prices for consumption in the interior; the average prices on the 15th ult., are quoted at f. 24, 73. At both Settin and Hamburgh, the Grain trade has been rather quiet since our last publication. This was, no doubt, caused by the rumors which prevailed respecting the intention of the British Government to open the ports.

LIVERPOOL IRON TRADE.

For several weeks past the demand for iron has been small. The complete prostration of the Share market, the advance in the rate of interest by the Bank of England, the failure in the potato crops, are sufficient causes in themselves to produce a serious reduction in price. Under a temporary pressure Scotch Pigs receded a few days ago to £3 15s. in Glasgow; since they have improved, and may now again be quoted at £4 per ton, an £4 10s. in Liverpool. Common Bars, £9 to £ 5s. in Liverpool, and the same in Wales.—Hoops, £11. Sheets, £12. The demand still continues great for Boiler Plates and Rails. There is every reason to believe that prices will improve early in the week.

WOOL MARKET, DECEMBER 3.

Wool—Our Wool market is very depressed, although, if any thing, there is a little improvement during the last week, and the public sales went off better than was generally expected. The United States Wool attracted considerable attention, but the quantity was too large, and brought forward under rather unfavorable circumstances; the greater part had therefore to be withdrawn, as was to be expected. Merino 17d to 19; inferior 14d to 16d; B. Ayres' washed, course and mixed 6½d to 7½d; Inferior 3d to 3½; Smyrna 7¼ to 7½; West India 7¾.

Daily Commercial Journal.

LOCAL NEWS.

To-morrow being Christmas day; the Post Office will be closed at 10 o'clock, A.M.

District Court.—Judge Grier presiding.

The verdict in the case of Kerr vs. Ross, was taken yesterday morning, and resulted in favor of defendant.

This case was erroneously stated as Kerr vs. Chess, it should have been Kerr vs. Ross.

The Court then took up the case of Woods vs. Woods. Dunlap for Plaintiff; McCandless and McConnell for defence. Verdict will be made known to morrow morning. To-day this case will be continued and, perhaps, engage the Court throughout.

We understand the property involved in the question now pending, is of great value, partly on account of its contiguity to the city, in the vicinity of Manchester. It appears, however, that the dispute is among members of the same family.

December 23

In the Court of Quarter Sessions, of the Peace of Allegheny County,

Present, Judges Patton and Porter.

The first case called up this morning, was an information on oath of Robert Sampson vs. John Lapsley for surety of the peace. Defendant sentenced to enter into his own recognizance in $200, and pay the costs of prosecution.

Commonwealth vs. Dr. Christopher Miller. Information for libel; continued until next term.

Commonwealth vs. Joseph Kerr and Thos. Kerr was the next case called, and was an information on oath of Henry McDonough, for surety of the peace, each party was sentenced to pay their own costs, and defendants to pay the docket costs. Flannegin for prosecution, Mellon and Mahon for defts.

The next case was the State vs. George Wray, an indictment for assault and battery. Defendant called and his recognizance forfeited.

The case was an information for surety of the peace on oath of Edward R. Brown vs. Mary Jenkins, the Court ordered the prosecutor to pay the costs. Sewell for prosecution, Alden for defendant.

Commonwealth vs. John Duff, an information for surety of the peace on oath of John Mellon, was the next case. Court ordered defendant to pay the costs. Ingraw for prosecution, Alden for defence.

Commonwealth vs. Wm. McCready, an indictment for the larceny of thirty yards of Jeans; verdict of guilty, and the defendant to pay the costs, and imprisonment in the Penitentiary for 18 calendar months. Eyster for prosecution; Mahon for defence.

The Court then adjourned till 2 o'clock.

Afternoon Session.

The only case tried during the afternoon, was that of the Com. vs. Adam B. Rook and John Cromlist, for an assault and battery. The defendants in this case are Watchmen. [illegible] prosecutor, Mr. Skillen, while he was resting himself before his own door one night during last July. The prosecutor alleges that he was awaiting the return of his family who were absent at Camp Meeting, and had locked the door upon their departure, so that he was unable to get in. He states that he made this explanation to the Watchmen, but it did not satisfy them, and they took him to the Watchhouse. For so doing and for striking him while conveying him there his suit is brought.

The verdict of the jury will be rendered this morning. Black and Hamilton for prosecution; Alden and Smith for defence.

Improvements.—We observe workmen employed in grading the platform of the jail to a level with that of the Court House. It is also intended to provide some means for keeping the convicts sent by the Mayor, at work during their imprisonment. We consider this last as an excellent measure.

More Presents.—Johnston & Stockton have a splendid assortment on hand. Their advertisement exhibits a display of varieties and beauties equal to that of any dealers in the city. We desire to call attention, also, to the establishment of Messrs. Bosworth & Forrester.

A Fight.—There was a "beautiful bit of a row" yesterday in Butler street, Allegheny.

Recovering.—The man Cuningham, stabbed last Friday night, is said to be recovering.

Accident.—A man by the name of Francis Ivory broke his leg on Monday night, by falling into the cellar under Lyndl's Auction Store. He was taken to the Hospital, and is doing well.

Allegheny Police.—There were two cases before his Honor yesterday morning. One paid his fine, and the other was sent to the hill.

A run off.—A horse attached to a carriage, in which were a lady and gentleman, ran off on Federal street, Allegheny, yesterday morning. He was stopped just below the Mayor's office, after smashing the shafts to fragments. No one hurt.

Police, Thursday morning.—There were two offenders in the tombs yesterday morning. One paid his fine, and the other was sent to the hill.

Commercial Saloon.—The proprietor of this excellent establishment has commenced the practice of setting dinners, daily, at 12½ o'clock. See advertisement.

Died.

On Tuesday morning, 23d inst., at the house of her son-in-law, Thomas Abel, Mrs. Rachel Tomlinson, mother of Joseph Tomlinson, of this city, in the seventy-eighth year of her age.

The funeral will take place *this morning* at 10 o'clock, from the residence of Mr. Abel, in Penn street, near Murray. The friends of the family are invited to attend without further notice.

Yesterday morning, Mrs. Jane Elliott, in the 79th year of her age.

She died, as she lived, in the confident expectation of a glorious immortality.

Amusements.

THEATRE.

damagers, ... *Shires & Porter.*

The public are respectfully informed that the Theatre will be open on

CHRISTMAS NIGHT!!

LOTS OF FUN!!—THREE LAUGHABLE PIECES!!!

THURSDAY EVENING, DEC. 25,

The evening's amusement will commence with a petite comedy, called *NATURE AND PHILOSOPHY.*

Highland Fling, Miss Grierson.

To which will be added a Farce called the *TWO GREGORIES!*

Sailor's Hornpipe, Miss Grierson.

The whole to conclude with the very laughable afterpiece of the *PLEASANT NEIGHBOR!*

Prices of Admission—Dress circle, 50 cents; second tier, 37½ cts.; third tier, 20 cts.; pit, 25 cents.

☞ Doors open at 6; curtain will rise at 7 o'clock. dec 24

Cigars!—Just received, direct from the importer, a superior article of Plantation and Principe Cigars, expressly for retail purposes. Also, a fresh supply of that celebrated mellow ridge chewing tobacco, at

WILSON'S *Havana Segar Store,*

dec 24 Market street, between 3d and 4th.

Notice to Jurors.—The Jurors summoned to attend at a District Court, to be held on the 5th Monday in December, instant, are hereby notified that their attendance will not be required until the 1st Monday of January next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. Elijah Trovillo,

Sheriff's office, Dec. 23d, 1845.—dec 24-3t Sheriff.

River Matters.

☞ Navigation is suspended for the present.

Nashville, Dec. 13,—The river continues to recede—there are now eight feet on the shoals, and some prospect of more rain. The Commerce arrived yesterday from Smithland—no other arrival.—*Gazette.*

☞ A List of Steamboats built and registered in the District of the Port of Pittsburgh, since the 31st of December, 1844.

Date of Register.		*Name of Boat.*	*Where built.*	*Tons.*
January	2.	Harlem,	Pittsburgh,	56
"	2.	L. McLean,	Brownsville,	150
"	8.	Tributary,	Pittsburgh,	149
February	10.	Cambria,	do	204
"	22.	May Queen,	do	93
"	28.	Defiance,	do	135
"	28.	Monongahela,	do	239
March	5.	Boreas No. 2	do	222
"	10.	Columbia,	do	150
"	29.	Schr. Hunter,	do	96
"	31.	Lake Eire	do	109
April	25.	Wisconsin,	do	199
May	13.	Uncle Ben,	do	107
"	13.	Laura,	do	27
"	16.	North Carolina,	do	191
"	17.	Triumph,	do	122
"	20.	Financier,	do	125
"	30.	Miner,	do	45
"	30.	Susquehanna,	do	142
June	5.	Prairie Bird,	do	84
July	14.	Commerce,	Brownsville,	102
"	22.	N. Hampshire,	Elizabeth,	125
"	22.	Lawrence,	Lawr'ville,	10
August	2.	American,	Beaver co,	118
"	22.	Piak,	Freedom,	35
"	30.	Pilot,	Freedom,	73
"	30.	H. Planter,	Freedom,	125
Sept.	1.	Pickaway,	Industry,	115
"	17.	Schr. Reg. Hill,	Freedom,	138
Sept.	26.	Milwaukie,	Shousetown,	154
Oct.	1.	Wiota,	Elizabeth,	219
"	10.	Emily,	do	145
"	10.	Nebraska,	do	167
"	15.	R. Fulton,	Brownsville,	200
"	25.	Peytona,	Elizabeth,	184
Nov.	1.	Motive,	M'Keesport,	68
"	10.	Circassian,	Elizabeth,	178
"	15.	W. Forward,	Pittsburgh,	29
"	22.	Belle of Illinois,	Freedom,	78
"	24.	Acadia,	Freedom,	118
"	29.	Robt. Morris,	Elizabeth,	233
Dec.	15.	Union,	Wells'e,	240

5499

We will give in to-morrow's Journal, a complete list of the boats now building in this district, and not registered.

"OPEN THE WINDOWS AND LET IN MORE LIGHT."

Prospectus,

FOR publishing, in the city of Pittsburgh, in the office of the "Commercial Journal," an independent daily paper, to be entitled "THE SUNBEAM." It will be printed on a medium sheet, with entirely new type.

Terms.—Three Dollars per annum; 6 cents per week. The first number will be issued on or about the 10th of January.

☞ "The Sunbeam" will be small, but large enough to speak for itself; the Editor therefore makes no promises JAMES D. THORNBURGH,

Editor and Publisher.

Office of the Commercial Journal, }
Pittsburgh, Dec. 20, 1845. }

Farmers' and Mechanics' Turnpike Road.

STOCKHOLDERS and others interested in relieving the company from its present embarrassments, and devising measures to render the stock profitable, are requested to attend a meeting at the Odeon (Breed's Buildings,) on Fourth street, Pittsburgh, on Saturday, the 3d of January, at 6 o'clock, P. M., at which time the condition of the company will be laid before the meeting.

James S. Craft, Ewd. D. Gazzam,
B. A. Fahnestock, M. Atwood,
A. A. Hardy, Wm. Eichbaum,
James R. Irwin, Thos. Campbell,
George Miltenberger. dec 24-1d3

Fruits and Nuts.—1200 lbs. fresh Currants;
50 drums Figs;
10 kegs M. Grapes;
6 boxes Genoa Citrons;
20 " fancy Prunes;
30 jars " "
20 boxes Raisins;
1200 lbs. soft shell Almonds;
10 boxes shelled "
1000 lbs. Filberts;
1000 " Cream Nuts;
1000 fresh Cocoa nuts—in store and for sale wholesale and retail by REINHART & JONES,
dec 24-1y 140 Liberty st.

Sardines and Lobsters, at Reinhart & Jones',
dec 24-1y 140 Liberty st.

Coal Stock.—A number of shares for sale in a joint stock company, with a capital of $100,000, and power to increase it to $1,000,000, which is shortly to go into operation on the now acquired large business of the usual principle to that of joint stock mine; existence perpetual.

This stock will thus possess the advantage of an income already secured, and as it purposes confining its operations to the best description of risks, the stock presents a favorable prospect for profitable investment.

For particulars apply soon to me, at my office, corner of Wood and Fourth sts., over Silbcett & Jones, entrance on Fourth street. [dec 24-3t] Jas. W. Buchanan

Christmas presents.—A large assortment of gold and silver watches, breast pins, finger rings, guard and fob keys, car rings, bracelets, fob chains, gold and silver pencils, table and tea spoons, by D. Sands, 7 Fifth st.
dec 24

Brass clocks.—30 cases of 30 hour and 8 day brass Clocks, just received by D. Sands,
dec 24 7 Fifth street, near Market st.

Fahnestock's Vermifuge.—This is to certify that my youngest boy, aged about two years, was taken sick last summer with the summer complaint. He was attended by a physician all summer, and received little or no relief. About the middle of November, I gave him some of Fahnestock's Vermifuge, which brought away one hundred and thirty large worms, and gave him immediate relief; he has been perfectly well ever since.
JOHN BAIRD, Sharpsburgh.
dec 24-1dw3t

Preserved Peaches, Pears, Quinces, Canton Ginger, bottled Fruits, assorted; Brandied do, red currant jelly, &c., on hand and for sale by
dec 24 Reinhart & Jones, 140 Liberty st.

Valuable lots for sale.—Three handsomely situated lots on 2d street near the Smithfield, 20 by 80 feet each, will be sold on fair terms; one half of the purchase money can remain on interest at the convenience of the purchaser; apply to Blakely & Mitchell,
dec 24-3t* Real Estate Agents.

For Christmas and New Year.

On hand, and just receiving from the east, a large assortment of temperance union publications. Also, a variety of cheap miscellaneous and school books, writing and letter paper, black, red and blue ink, slates and pencils, english and country quills, patent pens, a variety of cheap and nice painted books, a few family and pocket Bibles and Testaments, the *Enquirer*, numbers 1 and 2, on the communion and wine question; about 10,000 well assorted yankee notions, at 6¼ cents, and 250 temperance tracts and books at 12½ cts. All of which will be sold cheap in any quantity to suit temperance societies, sabbath schools, families and individuals. Isaac Harris,
dec 24-6t Agent and Commission Merchant, 9 Fifth st.

Cheap and useful Medicines.

For sale, Dr. Covert's balsam of life, Dr. Hawley's vegetable anti-bilious pills, do. vegetable salve, Dr. B. F. Green's anodyne cordial, a cure for diarrhea; dysentary, cholera, &c., Dr. Ward's fever and ague pills, do. cure for corns, Dr. Goode's female domestic pill, Dr. *Evan's* do., do. fever and ague and camomile pills, Dr. Hunt's botanic pills, Dr. D. P. Greer's cordial, an infallible cure for Diarrhea and Dysentary, &c.; and a variety of other useful family medicines for sale cheap, wholesale and retail.

☞ Rags bought for paper, and rag carpet makers.
Isaac Harris,
dec 24 Agent and Commission Merchat, 9 Fifth st.

Notice.—The public are cautioned against trusting or harboring my wife Amelia, on my account, as I am determined to pay no debts of her contracting, unless compelled by due course of law. Paris Burley.
dec 24-3t

LECTURES ON ELECTRICITY.

Electro Magnetism, *Magneto and Thermo Electricity.*—Prof. G. N. Ross will deliver a course of Lectures on the above science at the Philo Hall, on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday evenings. Prof. Morse's Telegraph; the eighth wonder of the world, &c., will be exhibited and illustrated in operation conveying intelligence at the rate of 180,000 miles per second, and writing the names of the audience across the room. Also, Colt's Submarine Battery, causing an acqual explosion of gunpowder by electricity at a distance of fifty feet from the operator.—The influence of electricity upon the mineral, vegetable and animal kingdoms, and the cause of the magnetism and dip of the needle; and of gravitation and cohesive attraction will be shown. A beautiful and expensive collection of apparatus will be introduced for experiments, which will serve to amuse as well as instruct.

Lecture to commence at 7 o'clock, doors open at 6½.
☞ Tickets 25 cents. dec 23-2t

Blank books for the year 1846.—Merchants and others in want of account books, for the beginning of the year 1846, can select from a large assortment, or have them made to order, of superior materials and workmanship, at low prices. Also on hand, a large assortment of letter and cap papers, and bill paper, at all prices, by
dec 23-1y C. H. Kay, cor. Wood and 3d sts.

A pocket book found, in one of the streets of of Pittsburgh, on last *Saturday*, containing a considerable sum in Bank notes, and some valuable papers. The owner, by describing the book and contents, and paying for this advertisement, can have it by applying to
dec 23-3t* Wm. Graham, Allegheny City.

James Dalzell, *Wholesale Grocer*, Commission Merchant, and dealer in Produce and Pittsburgh Manufactures, No. 24 Water street, Pittsburgh. dec 23-1y

Church & Carothers, *Wholesale Grocers, Commission and Forwarding Merchants*, Water and Front streets, near the Monongahela Bridge. dec 20-1y

S. Watson. D. R. Galway.

R. Watson & Co., *Wholesale Grocers, Rectifying Distillers and dealers in all kinds of Foreign and Domestic Liquors, Wines, &c.*, No. 1 Commercial Row, corner of Liberty and Wayne streets, at canal basin, Pittsburgh, Pa. dec 22-1y

Wm. Holmes. John Holmes.

Wm. Holmes & Co., *Grocers*, corner of Market and Front sts. dec 22-1y

Berger, Wright & Co, Manufacturers of *Hamanred Spades and Shovels, Hoes, Hay and Manure Forks, &c.*, Warehouse No. 99 Wood street, Pittsburgh. dec 22

M. Tindle. J. C. Anderson.

Tindle & Anderson, *Chair Manufacturers*, and dealers in Furniture, Smithfield street, between Front and 2d, (Burnt District) keeps constantly on hand a large and splendid assortment of Chairs, which they offer wholesale and retail. Agents for Fowler's Patent Bedsteads.
dec 22-1y

Preparations for the Holidays.

Toys and fancy goods for christmas.—I have just received my stock for the Holidays direct from Germany and France, by the late packets from Havre and Bremen, comprising a large and splendid assortment, which I offer to city and country dealers at eastern prices, and a great many articles at less than they can be bought for in Philadelphia and New York, at wholesale and retail, at my store, 108 Market street, and at the corner of Fifth and Market sts., 2d story, above H. & P. Hugus' people's cheap cash dry goods store. C. Yeager,
dec 24 108 Market street, near Liberty.

Books for Presents.

The opal for 1846, the may flower for 1846.
The christians' annual for "
" juvenile gem, for "
" snow flake, for "
" musical annual, for "
" hyacinth, for "
" rosette, for "
Scenes in the life of the Saviour,
" in my native land,
Poetry of flowers, and flowers of poetry,
Lady's Book of flowers and poetry, at CARTER'S,
dec 24 56 Market st.

Books for the Holyday Presents.

Wordsworth's poems splendid edition;
Poets and Poetry of Europe;
" " England;
" " America;
Diadem for 1846; with ten beautiful engravings;
Christian's Annual, for 1846;
Campbell's Poems; illustrated;
Lady of the Lake; "
Cowper's Task; "
Oracles from the Poets;
Nature's Gems, by *Emma C. Embury*, with 20 plates of Plants, carefully colored after nature, and landscape views of their localities, from drawings on the spot.
Book of Common Prayer; silk velvet binding with clasps and richly gilt; a splendid book;
Longfellow's Ballads, Voice of the Night, Spanish Student, with a variety of Books suitable for presents to children. McDOWELL & Co.
dec 24-1y Federal st., Allegheny city.

Christmas Dinner.

Strickland will do his best to please those who may dine at his board on Christmas. Venison, Turkey, Mince Pies, &c. &c. &c. Drop in at 121 o'clock. dec 24-2t

For Christmas and New Year.

The subscriber has just opened a splendid assortment of Jewelry and Fancy Articles, suitable for Gifts for the Holidays, to which he respectively invites the attention of his customers and the public. Among his assortment may be found:

Gold Pencils, a large stock and a great variety of patterns; card cases, a general assortment; Ladies' work boxes of various descriptions; silk and velvet bags; also, a general assortment of Jewelry, such as gold lockets, bracelets, finger rings, breast pins, studs, &c. Also, a large assortment of children's toys, and fancy articles too numerous to mention. All of which he offers at either wholesale or retail, upon the most accommodating terms.
dec 23 ZEBULON KINSEY, 86 Market st.

Splendid Annuals for 1846.

The Boudoir Annual for 1846, a splendid Christmas, New Year and Birth Day Present.

The Diadem for 1846; a beautiful present suitable for all seasons.

The Snow Flake, a gift for innocence and beauty; edited by T. S. Arthur.

The Opal; a pure gift for the Holidays, edited by John Keese.

The Mayflower; a choice Annual, edited by Robert Hamilton.

The Amulet; a beautiful Christmas and New Year present with steel illustrations.

The Lady's Album, a magnificent present for all seasons.

The Forget-Me-Not; an illuminated gift, edited by A. A. Phillips.

The Christian's Annual; a miscellany with beautiful illustrations.

Scenes in the life of our Saviour; a beautiful present by the poets and painters, edited by R. W. Griswold.

Household Verses; a beautiful book, by Barnard Barton.

The Hyacynth, or affection's gift; a Christmas, New Year and birth-day Present.

For sale very low by CHAS. H. KAY,
dec 23-1y corner of Wood and Third sts.

The *Ladies* of the 2d Presbyterian Church will hold a sale of useful and fancy articles, for the benefit of the church, commencing on Wednesday evening, 24th inst., and continuing on Christmas day and evening, in Wood street, above Third, in the room occupied by Messrs. Church & Carothers, during the summer.

The dinner and supper tables will be amply supplied with all the substantial, as well as fanciful viands of the season.

Oysters in abundance, prepared in the best manner; Ice Creams, &c. The public are respectively invited to attend, and may be assured that all will be conducted on strict principles of justice and moderation. dec 23-3t

Books for the Season.

Annuals for 1846.—The Boudoir Annual;
The Musical Annual;
Leallets of Memory;
The Snow Flake;
Friendship's Offering;
The Christian's Annual;
The Rose of Sharon;
The Hyacinth;
The Rosette;
The Keepsake;
The Juvenile Gem;

ILLUSTRATED WORKS.

The Parterre—12 drawings of flowers;
The Lady's Book of poetry and flowers;
Flowers of Poetry and poetry of flowers;
Oracles from the Poets;
Language of Flowers;
Flora's Interpreter;
Albums with plates;
Campbell's Poems; illustrated;
Heman's " "
Eliza Cook's " "
Shakspeare " "
The Task " "
Gray's Elegy " "
The Whip-poor-will "
Poets and Poetry of England, illustrated;
Book of Common Prayer; "
Pilgrim's Progress, "
Scenes in the Life of our Saviour; "
Juvenile Gifts, elegant books for children, too many to enumerate;
Bosworth's list of literary and religious works suitable for gifts, for sale by BOSWORTH & FORRESTER,
dec 24-1y 43 Market street.

Books for the Holydays.

Scenes in the Life of the Saviour, by the Poets and Painters; edited by Rufus W. Griswole. 1 vol. 8 vo.
The Boudoir Annual for 1846—a christmas, new year and birth-day Present for 1846.
Leaflets of Memory for 1846; a christmas, new year and birth-day souvenir, bound in the most splendid style, and embellished with 12 splendid illustrations, consisting of illuminations and fine steel engravings by the first artists, edited by Reynell Coates, M. D.
The Snow Flake for 1846; a gift for Innocence and Beauty; edited by Arthur.
The Opal for 1846; a present for the holydays; edited bo John Keese.
The Mayflower for 1846; a choice Annual, edited by Robt. Hamilton.
Friendship's Offering—a christmas and new year present for 1846; 1 vol. 12 mo., morocco gilt.
The Lady's Book of Flowers and Poetry, edited by Lucy Hooper; 1 vol. 12 mo. and colored illustrations.
The Amulet; a beautiful book, by Bernard Barton.
The Hyacinth for 1846, or affection's gift—a christmas, new year and birth day Present.
Gray's Elegy; illustrated.
Oracles from the Poets; a fanciful diversion for the drawing-room, by Caroline Gilman.
Imitations and Fancy, or selections from the English Poets; by Leigh Hunt.
Mrs. Hemans' Poems; illustrated.
The Amulet; a beautiful christmas and new-year present, with steel engraving.
The Poets and Poetry of Europe, by Longfellow.
The Poets and Poetry of America, by Griswold.
For sale by JOHNSTON & STOCKTON,
dec 23-1y 44 Market st.

London *Annuals for* 1846.—Fisher's Drawing Room Scrap Book for 1846—a splendid Christmas and New Year presents for 1846.
Heath's Book of Beauty for 1846; with beautifully finished engravings from drawings by the first artists; edited by the Countess of Blessington.
The Keepsake for 1846, with beautifully finished engravings from drawings by the first artists, engraved under the superintendence of Mr. Charles Heath; edited by the Countess of Blessington.
Leaflets of Memory for 1846—a Christmas, New Year and birth-day Souvenir, bound in the most elegant style, and embellished with 12 splendid illustrations, consisting of illuminations and fine steel engravings, by the first artists: edited by Reynell Coates, M. D. For sale by
C. H. KAY,
dec 23-1y corner Wood and 3d sts.

Christmas and New Year's presents.—The subscribers have just received and now offer for sale, a large assortment of rich Fancy Goods, suitable for the approaching Holidays. Jno. B. M'Fadden & Co.,
dec 20 85 Market street.

Magnificent Annuals.

For Christmas and New Year Presents, at Cook's Literary Depot, 85 Fourth street:
Heath's Book of Beauty, for 1846.
" Keepsake, "
Leaflets of Memory, "
Boudoir Annual, "
Drawing Room Annual, "
China Views, &c., "
The Diadem, "
The Snow Flake, "
Nature's Gems, "
The Musical Annual, "
The Gift, "
The Moss Rose, "
The Opal, "
The Rose of Sharon, "
Lalla Rookh, "
Longfellow's Poems, "
Friendship's Offering, "
The Rose, "
Forget-Me-Not, "
The Token, "
Religious Souvenir, "
Missionary Memorial, "
Amelia's Poems, "
The Rosette, "
The Jewel, "
Hyacinth, "
The above, with numerous others, and a splendid assortment of Juvenile Works, for sale at Cook's Literary Depot, 85 Fourth street. dec 20

Books for the Holydays.

Books for the holiday presents.—Albums, in great variety of binding, with and without plates.
The Hyacinth for 1845 and also for 1846.
The Christian's Annual, a Miscellany for 1846.
Scenes in the Life of our Saviour, a handsome octavo volume, with eight beautiful engravings, and splendid binding.
The Snow Flake, by T. S. Arthur, 8 vo., fair binding, with 10 plates, engraved on steel.
Sketches of Irish Character, by Mrs. Hall, large 8 vo., embellished with over 60 engravings on steel and wood.
Friendship's Offering for 1846, a beautiful book.
The Rose of Sharon; The Hawthorn.
Christmas Eve; Holiday Tales;
Boys' and Girls' Little Forget-me-not.
The Annalette; Keepsake Stories.
The Boy's Week Day Book.
The Young Lady's Book, a manual of elegant recreations, exercises and pursuits.
The Boy's Guide to Usefulness.
Etiquette for Gentlemen.
Hand Book of Fashion.
The Children's Companion, by Berquin.
The Rollo Books, different kinds.
The Swiss Family Robinsons.
Robinson, Crusoe, complete with many plates.
Together with a great variety of smaller juvenile books, on hand and for sale by LUKE LOOMIS, Agent,
dec 20-1y No. 89 Wood st.

Sons of Temperance, *Pittsburgh Division*, meets every Thursday evening, in their Hall, southwest corner of Wood and Third streets.

Allegheny Division, No. 63, meets every Tuesday evening, in Allegheny City, on Federal street, above the Mayor's office, third story. dec 11-1w*

Miscellaneous.

Elegant juvenile works.—Among a large and extensive assortment of juvenile works, suitable for Holyday Presents, may be found the following: Mamma's birthday, very little tales, parts 1, 2, 3, stories for little Clara, clever stories, little lessons for little learners, Lucy and Arthur, my boy's first and second books, mothers' lessons, boys' and girls' little forget-me-not, Clara's amusements, child's own story book, little stories of little fishes, the blossoms of morality, rhymes for the nursery, the old oak chest, Robin Hood, Frank Fairfield, little Clara, the picture book, a present for the young, nursery songs, stories for Cousins, peep of day, line upon line, precept upon precept, the little gift, the little Keepsake, Mrs. Barbauld's lessons, my own stories, work and wages, my early house, &c., at ROBERT CARTER'S,
dec 22 56 Market street, between 3d and 4th.

Cheap book store, *Federal street, Allegheny City.* McDowell & Co., have on hand a well selected assortment of theological, classical, miscellaneous and school books; amongst this assortment can be found Guizot's Gibbon, Kohlrasch's history of Germany, Walpole's letters, Schlegel's history of literature, Schiller's Œsthelic prose, Browning's history of the Huguenots, Brougham's historical sketches, lives of men of letters and miscellanies, Madison Papers, Life of Jefferson, Ridder's Rerain, Napier's Peninsula war, pulpit cyclopedia, encyclopedia of religious knowledge, Benkatt's notes on the New Testament, Barn's notes on Isaiah, Patrick Leath, &c., commentary, Keith on the prophecies, records of Presbyterian church, McIlvaine on Justification, Crecker's complete concordance, Dick's theology, Olmstead's philosophy, Hedge's logic, Whately's logic and rhetoric, Olney's geography and atlas, Mitchell's do., Smith's do., Kirkham's grammar, Davies, Smith and Ray's arithmetic, Davies, Bonycastle and Harvey's algebra, Comstock's philosophy, physiology and chemistry, Tytler's history, Willard's U. States, Alridge's do., Barrett's geography of the Heavens and Atlas, Anthon's sallust and Virgil, Gould's Virgil and Horace, Graeca Manora, Graeca Mijora, Sophocles' Greek Grammar, Bullion's do., Fisk's do., Greek Testament, Grove's Greek and English Dictionary, Cicero's orations, Adams' latin grammar, Andrews and Stoddart's do., Andrew's latin reader, latin exercises and latin lessons, Vira Romæ; McGuffey's, Sanders and Colib's school books.

A number of the best medical works, family bibles, pocket bibles and testaments, book of common prayer, eastern writing paper, blank books, wrapping paper, fancy stationary, quills, steel pens, Hoover's superior ink, best quality printer's ink. All of which will be sold at the lowest prices for cash.

Rags taken in exchange for books and stationary. dec 22

A new novel by Miss Pickering, and Magazines for November.—

The Squire, a novel by Ellen Pickering.

Love, a tale of Venice; and Mesmerism, a Mystery, by Horace Smith, Esq., author of Adam Brown, Arthur Arundell, Esq., &c.

Mammoth Pictorial Brother Jonathan, for Christmas.

Graham's Magazine for January, splendidly illustrated.

Ladies' Magazine for January, with four highly finished steel engravings.

New York Illustrated Magazine of Literature and Art for January.

Harper's Shakspeare, Nos. 71 and 72.

Prescott's Miscellanies, Biographical and Critical, by W. H. Prescott, Esq., author of Conquest of Mexico, &c.

The History of Silk, Cotton, Linen, Wool, and other fibrous substances, including Spinning, Dying and Weaving of the Ancients. Illustrated with steel engravings.

Holmes' Life of Mozart, 1 vol.

Parker's Aids to English Composition.

Second part Music of the Ethiopian Serenaders, 19 songs.

Music from the opera of Guy Mannering.

Daughter of St. Marks, by Raffe.

Music from the Opera of the Enchantress.

☞ For sale at COOK'S, 85 Fourth street. dec 10-1y

Annuals for 1846—
The Boudoir Annual;
Leallets of Memory;
Friendship's Offering;
The Rose of Sharon;
Christian's Annual;
The Hyacinth;
The Keepsake;
The Juvenile Gem;
The Rosette. For sale by
BOSWORTH & FORRESTER,
dec 17-1y No. 43, Market street.

Fifth Ward Livery Stable.

THE subscriber having bought out the well known Livery Stable kept by C. B. Doty, in the Fifth Ward, respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he will keep at all times, a stock of from the best description of Riding Horses, Buggies, Carriages of all kinds, and, in short, every thing required in his line of business.

A considerable portion of his stock is new, and he is confident that no stock in the city will be superior to his.

TERMS WILL BE MODERATE.

His stable is on Liberty street, a few doors above the canal bridge, where he respectfully solicits a share of public patronage. CHARLES COLEMAN.

☞ He is also provided with an elegant Hearse, which will be furnished when required. oct 22-tf

Dissolution.—The partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers under the firm of Hise & Carr, is this day dissolved, by mutual consent. All persons indebted to said firm are requested to make immediate payment to Robert Carr, and all persons having claims against said firm will present the same to said Carr, properly authenticated, for settlement.

JOHN HISE,
July 26, 1845. ROBERT CARR.

A Card.—The business of the above Firm will in future be carried on by the undersigned, who will make to order and keep on hand at all times, all articles in the carriage making line, such as Buggies, Barouches, Sulkies, double and single seated Rockaways, etc.

Repairing done in the neatest manner, and with the utmost despatch. Terms reasonable.

CARR & ROWLAND,
At the old stand opposite Hare's wagon entrance,
au 26-1y St. Clair st., near Allegheny Bridge.

To Printers.

Type foundry and Printer's Furnishing Warehouse. The subscribers have opened a new Type Foundry in the city of New York, where they are ready to supply orders to any extent, for any kind of job or fancy Type, Ink, Paper, Cuts, Gallies, Brass Rules, Steel, Cabinets &c., Composing Sticks, Chases, and every article necessary for a Printing office.

The type are cast in new moulds, from an entirely new set of matrices on Pica body counters, are warranted to be unsurpassed by any, and will be sold to suit the times.

Presses and do light work.

Composition Rollers constant for Printers.

Editors of Newspapers who will buy three times as much type as their bills amount to, may give the above six months insertion, and send their papers containing it to the subscribers. CROCKFORT & OVEREND,
sep. 23. 63 Ann st.

Quacks, beware!—*Anatomical Surgical Operations.* The undersigned, professor of the Tonsorial Art, will, during the ensuing winter, discharge the enormous duties incident to the diversified operations connected with the *Craniology* and *Physiognomy* of subjects requiring his attention.

The very nefarious use of surgical instruments, will be employed in his laboratory, and furnished to young practitioners to amply indulge in the pleasures of experiments.

The Hydropathic department will be free of ice, even should the Mahommedan be below Cæsar, and a very general supply of French Perfumery in anticipation of a reduction of the Tariff, will be kept on hand.

To his friends and former patrons, he tenders salutations of health, with a hope that they will favor him with their patronage, at his new stand, which is now situated on Third street, between Wood and Market, opposite the Phœnix Livery Stable. [dec 12-1w] JOHN CURTIS.

Poetry.—The Poems of Southey, Shakespeare, Scott, Burns, Ossian, Crabbe, Heber and Pollock, Howitt' Milman and Keats, Rogers, Campbell, Lamb, Montgomery Kirke, White, Collins, Gray, Beattie, Milton, Longfellow Byron, Goldsmith, Cowper, Hemans, Landon, Sigourney, Eliza Cook, Barton, Wordsworth, Coleridge, Willis, Butler Smith.

Griswold's Poets and Poetry of America,
Longfellow's " " Europe,
Frost's British Poets,
Hallock's " "
Croley's " "
Festus, by P. J. Bailey. For sale by
BOSWORTH & FORRESTER,
dec 10-1y No. 43 Market st.

Lead pencils.—Finely graduated by different degrees of hardness, and distinguished by the mark on end, among which are

Engraving, very hard. H H H.
Engineering, hard. H H.
Architectural, hard. H.
Extra Shade, very black, for shading, B B, &c.
Fine Drawing, middle degree, F.
Shade Black, for shading, B.

These Pencils are patronised by the most eminent Artists, Engineers, Designers, and Drawing masters in the United States.

Together with a great variety of smaller juvenile books, on hand and for sale by
dec 22 W. R. MURPHY'S.

Bargains in cloth.—We have at the present the best selected and finest lot of Cloths ever offered on a Pittsburgh counter. The finest and most superb qualities of French, of such makes as are most highly approved of by the trade; super fine black; extra lustre olive; rich dark mulberry; fancy shaded brown; English do.; premium American olive and black; low price Belgian, &c. These Cloths have been bought late this Fall, we venture to assert, at better bargains than any brought out, and consequently we are enabled, and will sell COATS of any description, made and trimmed in a style unsurpassed by any house in this city, or elsewhere, at lower prices than the same goods can be put together under any circumstances. ALGEO, McGUIRE & CO.,
dec 20-1y No. 251 Liberty st.

Late arrival at No. 88, Market street.—The attention of the public is invited to J. CANNON'S large assortment of Fall and Winter Dry Goods at No. 88, Market st., Pittsburgh, all of which have been bought on the most advantageous terms, in the East, and from the advantage we have in the East we are enabled to sell at a very small advance. My goods are all bought at manufacturer's and importer's prices, and will be sold very low for cash.

I do not think it of any great use to enumerate the articles, as it is understood my stock comprises every thing that is kept in a dry good house. You can find prints from 6¼ up, de Lains from 12½ cts. to $1.00, all other articles at the same rates to suit all who wish to purchase.

Give us a call at No. 88, and see and judge for yourselves. [oct

Address Cards.

A. FULTON, *Bell and Brass Founder*, corner of Second street and Chancery Lane. dec 20

A. LEXANDER & DAY, wholesale and retail dealers in *Dry Goods*, corner of Market street and the Diamond. dec 20

ALLEGHENY TEA STORE.—*J. T. Chaffey*, Federal street, Allegheny. dec 20

ALGEO, McGUIRE & CO., *Drapers and Tailors*, No. — Liberty street, above Irwin. dec 20

A. J. BONNET, *Grocer and Fruit Merchant*, No. 162 Liberty street. [sep 25] je 11

ALEXANDER JAYNES, *Agent for Dr. Jaynes' Family Medicines*, No. 72 Fourth street. dec 20

A. BEELEN, Commission and Forwarding Merchant Third st., nearly opposite the Post Office. my 30-tf

ALEXANDER GORDON, *Commission and Forwarding Merchant*, corner of Front street and Redoubt Alley. nov 24-1y

ATWOOD, JONES & CO., *Forwarding and Commission Merchants*, Water and Front sts., Pittsburgh. oct 21-1y

A. M. WALLINGFORD, *(Successor to Wallingford & Taylor,)* Forwarding and Commission Merchant, and dealer in Pittsburgh Manufactures, Canal Basin, Pittsburgh, Pa. oct 1-1y

A. STUART, *Rectifying Distiller*, and wholesale dealer in Groceries, Wines and Liquors, No. 145, corner of Liberty street and Brewery alley, Pittsburgh. my 23-1y

ANDREW SHAW, *Plasterer and Paper Hanger*, corner of Wylie and Tunnel streets. may 15-1y—3m*

A. KIRK LEWIS, *Attorney at Law*, Fourth street, below Smithfield, Pittsburgh, Pa. [sp 25] aug 14

BARROWS & TURNER, dealers in *Staple Fancy Dry Goods*, No. 46 Market street,, three doors from Third. dec 20

BOSWORTH & FORRESTER, *Booksellers and Stationers*, No. 43, Market street. dec 20

BERGER, WRIGHT & CO., *Manufacturers of Hammered Shovels, Spades, &c.*, No. 99 Wood st. dec 20-1y

B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO., *wholesale and retail Druggists*, corner Sixth and Wood streets. dec 20

B. E. CONSTABLE, *Dealer in Fancy and Staple Dry Goods*, 83 Market street, Pittsburgh. nov 18-1y

B. PERRY, *Fashionable Boot Maker*, (formerly of the Monongahela House, Burnt District, one door from the corner of Third and Wood streets. dec 20

BLACK & LIGGETT, *Attorneys at Law*, Burke's Buildings, Fourth street, Pittsburgh. sep 1-1y

BAGLEY & SMITH, *Wholesale Grocers*, 18 and 20, Wood street, Pittsburgh. dec 20

CARR & ROWLAND, *Carriage Makers*, St. Clair street, entrance at Hare's wagon yard. dec 20

CHARLES COLEMAN, *Fifth Ward Livery Stable*, near the Canal Bridge. dec 20

CHARLES H. PAULSON, *Hat and Cap Manufacturer*, No. 73, Wood street. dec 20

C. EVANS, manufacturer and patentee of *Evans' Alloy and Metallic Expansion Safety Guards*, Penn street, near Water. dec 20

C. E. MINER, *Periodical Agency*, Smithfield street, 3d door from Third street. dec 20

COOLEY & LAIRD, *Monongahela Clothing Store*, No. 2 Wood street, 2d door from Water. dec 20

CRUMPTON & CO., manufacturers of *Adamantine Star Candles*, No. 36, Water street. dec 20

CLARENCE SHALER, *Attorney at Law*, Fourth street, opposite Burk's Building. dec 20

CHARLES H. KAY, *Wholesale and Retail Bookseller, Paper Dealer, Stationer and Book Binder*, corner of Wood and Third sts. sep 16

C. L. MAGEE, *Hat and Cap Manufacturer*, No. 42 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh. sep 20

CHARLES M. HAYS, *Attorney at Law*, Fifth street, between Wood and Smithfield streets, at the office of Mr. Dunlop. [sept 30] my 22

D. SANDS, *Clock and Watchmaker*, No. — Fifth street. dec 20

DAVID CLARK, *Boot and Shoe Maker*, No. 139 Wood street, above Fifth. dec 20

D. BUSHNELL, *Coal Dealer*, office corner Cherry Alley and Water street. dec 20

DR. EDRINGTON, Liberty street, opposite Ferry. my 22-1y

DR. RADCLIFFE, *Homœopathic Physician.*—Office No 40 St. Clair street, near the bridge. oct 24

D. KINKEAD, *Merchant Tailor*, Fourth street, near the corner of Wood. dec 20

DR. WM. M. WRIGHT, *Dentist*, has removed his office and dwelling to St. Clair street, between Liberty and Penn. sep 30-tf

E. W. LYND, *Auctioneer and Commission Merchant*, and Wholesale dealer in Dry Goods, McClurg's Iron Front, Nos. 61 and 53 Wood st. oct 2-1y

ELI EDMUNSON, *Upholster*, Third street near Wood. dec 20

F. S. TURBETT, *Clock and Watchmaker*, Fifth street. dec 20

FORWARD & SWARTZWELDER, *Attorneys at Law*, Bakewell's Building, Smithfield street, between Fourth st. and Diamond alley.

GEORGE BAILEY, *Plumber and manufacturer of Pumps and Hydrants*, Fourth street, between Smithfield and Cherry Alley. dec 20

GILLESPIE & KENNEDY, *Manufacturers of Looking Glasses*, No. 76 Wood st. dec 20-1y

G. SPLANE & SON, *Cabinet and Chair Makers*, Fifth street, opposite the Theatre. dec 20

GEORGE COCHRAN, *Forwarding and Commission Merchant*, No. 26 Wood street. dec 20

GREGG & EATON, manufacturers of *White and Red Lead, and Litharge*, No. 26 Wood st. dec 20

GEORGE F. HAMILTON, *Attorney at Law*, Burke's Building, Fourth street, near Market. sept 1-1y

G. HARTON & CO, *Forwarding and Commission Merchants*, No. 57, Water street. dec 20

Importer of Iron, Stone, China, Glass Ware, Cornelius & Co.'s lamps for oil or lard, &c., &c. nov 25-1y

GEORGE S. WILLIAMS, *Grocer*, and dealer in country Produce, No. 25 Smithfield street, between Front and Second, Pittsburgh. dec 22

HENRY ERRETT, *Steam Band Box Factory*, No. 24 Fourth street, near Ferry dec 20

H. SMYSER, *Druggist and Apothecary*, corner Market and Third streets. dec 20

HAYS & GETTY, wholesale and retail dealers in *Hardware*, No. 61 Market st. dec 20

H. RYAN, *Cabinet Maker*, Fifth street, opposite Exchange Bank. dec 20

HORN & ELLIS, Manufacturer of all kinds of Shoemakers' Tools and Elastic Trusses. Rear of 71 Race street, Philadelphia. my 3

ISAAC HARRIS, *Agent and Commission Merchant*, No. 9 Fifth street. dec 20

IRWIN & FOSTER, *Forwarding and Commission Merchants*, Front street, Cincinnati. aug 26

J. K. HENDERSON, manufacturer of *Portable Window Blinds*, west end of Hand street Bridge, Allegheny City. dec 20

JOHN McCLOSKEY, *Draper and Tailor*, Three doors Diamond, Liberty street. dec 20

J. F. STEWART, *Upholster*, Smithfield street, between Sixth and Virgin alley. dec 20

J. B. CRAIG, *Watch and Clock Maker*, No. 52 Diamond alley. dec 20-1y

J. M. TOWNSEND, *Druggist and Apothecary*, No. 45 Market street, 3 doors from Third. dec 20-1y

JAMES LEMON, *Undertaker*, Fourth street, between Wood and Smithfield. dec 20

J. CANNON, wholesale and retail dealer in *Dry Goods*, No. 88 Market street. dec 20

JOHN McDOWELL LEAVITT, *Attorney at Law*, Cincinnati, Ohio. dec 20

JONES & QUIGG, *Steel Spring and Axle Manufacturers*, corner of Ross and Front sts. dec 20

JACOB & DRUCKER, *Dealers in Staple and Fancy Dry Goods*, No. 72, Market street. dec 20

J. McILROY, *Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Worker*, north-east corner of the Diamond. dec 20

JAMES PARK, JR. & CO., *Wholesale Grocers*, Importer of Tin Plate, Queensware, No. 112 Second street, between Wood and Smithfield streets, opposite the old Mint. nov 10-1y

JOHN PARKER, *(Successor to J. & J. Parker,)* Wholesale Grocer, dealer in Produce, Foreign Wine, Liquors, No. 5 Commercial Row, Liberty street, Pittsburgh. jy 2

J. KENNEDY & CO., manufacturers of *fancy and common Brushes*, No 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh. dec 22

J. W. ROBERTSON & CO., *Bankers and Exchange Brokers*, Corner of Third and Wood streets, Merchants' Hotel Buildings, Pittsburgh, Pa.

JEAN T. HERBST, *Teacher of Modern Languages*, Pitt street, first house from Liberty. Hours of Tuition, in class daily, from 7 to 9 P. M. oct 15-3m

JOHNSON & SMITH, *(successors to Johnson & Weaver,)* Commission, Forwarding and Forwarding Merchants, Broad street, Nashville, Tenn.

JOHNSTON & STOCKTON, *Printers, Booksellers and Stationers*, No. 44 Market street, Pittsburgh. my 22-tf

JAMES M'KAIN, *Hat and Cap Manufacturer*, No. 77 Wood street, Pittsburgh. sep 1-1y

JOSEPH S. LOWRY, *Fashionable Tailor*, over M'Vay & Bidwell's, corner of Market and Fifth, entrance on Fifth. sep 30 je 7-tf

JOSEPH G. DAVIS, *Grocery and Boat Store*, No. 36 Water street, Pittsburgh. oct 10

JOHN W. BLAIR, *Wholesale and Retail Brush Manufacturer*, No. 120, Wood street, Pittsburgh. oct 3

JOHN H. POLLIT, *Gunsmith*, Main street, Birmingham. dec 20

M. B. RILEY & CO., *wholesale Grocers, Commission and Forwarding Merchant*, No. 57 Water, and 108 Front street, Pittsburgh, Pa. dec 22-1y

LUKE LOOMIS, *Agent, Bookseller and Paper Dealer*, No. 89 Wood street. dec 20

MARVIN LYTLE, *Family Grocer*, Smithfield street, next door to Fifth Presbyterian Church, Pittsburgh, Pa. [sep 25] june 9-tf

M. ALLEN & CO., *Forwarding and Commission Merchants*, Front street, between Wood and Market. ap 16-tf

M'DOWELL & CO., *Booksellers and Stationers*, Federal street, Allegheny City. dec 20

M. D. & J. PATTON, No. 154 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, wholesale dealers in Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Salt, Seed, and other Produce. sep 27-1y

MESS. HERBST'S *Boarding House*, No. 1, Pitt street. The French, Spanish, German, and other languages spoken in the house. oct 7

MAGRAW & M'KNIGHT, *Attorneys at Law*—Have removed their office to the new Court House, in the room over the Sheriff's Office. au 18

MILLER & RICKETSON, *Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants*, No. 170, Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. oct 6-1y

M'CLAIN & JOHNSON, *Hat and Cap Manufacturers and dealers in Furs and Trimmings*, No. 153 Liberty street, two doors from Sixth. dec 2

MONONGAHELA ROUTE.—*Change of Hour.*—On and after Monday next, the 20th inst., the Steam Packets on this route, will leave daily at 3 o'clock, P. M. oct 17 FERGUS MOREHEAD, Agent.

MERCHANT'S HOTEL, *B. Weaver*, corner of Third and Smithfield street. dec 20-1y

OGDEN & SNOWDEN, *(Successors to Avery, Ogden & Co.,)* Wholesale and Retail Druggists, and manufacturers of White Lead, Red Lead and Litharge, corner of Wood and Second streets, Pittsburgh, Pa. nov 10-1y

Address Cards.

OLIVER P. SHIRAS, *Brewer*, Point Brewery, Pitt street. dec 20-1y

PITTSBURGH GYMNASIUM, *John McClelland*, Commercial Buildings, Third street, near the Post Office. dec 20-1y

P. C. MARTIN, Wholesale and Retail Grocer and dealer in Foreign and Domestic Wines and Liquors, Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Nuts, &c., No. 60, Water street. dec 20

POINDEXTER & CO., *Wholesale Grocers, Commission and Forwarding Merchants*, Water street. my 13

P. McKENNA, *Auctioneer and Commission Merchant*, No 64, Market street. dec 20 .

PENNSYLVANIA FORGE, *Pittsburgh.*—EVERSON & CO., Manufacturers of all kinds of Hammered Iron. sep 9

R. W. POINDEXTER. A. CULBERTSON.
POINDEXTER & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Commission and Forwarding Merchants, Front and Water sts. Pittsburgh. dec 20

ROBERT DONOVAN, *Manufacturer of Stoves and Hathaway's Patent Hot Air Cooking Stoves*, No. 124, Wood street. dec 20

ROBT. E. SELLERS, *Wholesale and Retail Druggist*, No. 57, Wood street. dec 20

ROBERT PORTER, *Attorney at Law*, Smithfield street between Diamond alley and Fourth st. dec 20-1y

R. WATSON & CO., *Wholesale Grocers and Rectifying Distillers*, No. 1 Commercial Row, Liberty street. dec 20 ly

R. DEAN, *Manufacturer of Kid Gloves*, McKelvy's Row Penn street. dec 20

R. H. HARTLEY, *Saddle, Harness and Trunk Manufacturer*, No. 86, Market street. dec 20

REINHART & JONES, *Grocers and Fruiterers*, No. 140, Liberty street, Pittsburgh. nov 19-1y

ROWE & DAVIS, *Engine Builders*, Corner of Short and Second streets, Pittsburgh. [je 13] oct 31

ROBERT CARTER, *Publisher and Bookseller*, No. 58 Canal street, New York, and No. 56 Market street, between Third and Fourth, Pittsburgh. aug-1y

ROBB & M'CONNELL, *Attorneys at Law*—Office, Philo Hall, over the Post Office, Third street. nov 13-1y

SHALER & SIMPSON, *Attorneys at Law*, Fourth street near Market. dec 20

SAMUEL EAKINS, *Jeweller*, Union street, near Fifth.—Enchasing, Die-Sinking, &c., neatly executed, and Jewelry of all descriptions made or repaired to order.

SPANG & CO., *Manufacturers of Juniata Iron, and Nails and Steel*, Warehouse, No. 37 and 38, Water st. dec 20

SMITH, BAGALEY & CO., *Wholesale Grocers and Produce Dealers*, No. 223, Market street, between Fifth and Sixth, North side, Philadelphia. dec 20

THOMAS ROSE, *Ladies' and Men's Boot and Shoe Maker*, No. 40 Diamond alley. dec 20

THOMAS HAGUE, *Boot and Shoe Maker*, Cedar street, Allegheny city, near Hand st. Bridge. dec 20-1y

TAYLOR & MASON, *Attorneys and Counsellors at Law*, St. Louis, Mo.—Office 94½ Main street. jan 30-tf

TASSEY & ROBINSON, *Attorneys at Law*, Lowrie's Buildings, Fourth street. jy 21-1y

THOMAS DONNELLY, *Attorney at Law.*—Office at Law Chambers, on Fifth street, adjoining the Court House. [sept 25] sept 19-1y

THOMAS ARNOLD, *Lock and Vault Door Manufacturer*, Warehouse, Diamond Alley, between Diamond alley and Wood street. dec 20

WARRICK MARTIN & CO., Bankers and Exchange Brokers, north east corner of Wood and Third streets, Pittsburgh. oct 6-1md&w

WILLIAM THORN, *Apothecary and Druggist*, No 53, Market street. dec 20

WM. E. AUSTIN, *Attorney at Law*, Bakewell's Building, Grant street, Pittsburgh. oct 21-1y

WM. LEES, *Steamboat, House and Sign Painter*, corner of Front and Short streets, Pittsburgh. se 30-1y

WILLIAM SEELEY, *Merchant Tailor*, No. 14 South 5th street, Philadelphia. oct 1-1y

WM. HOLMES & CO., *Wholesale and Retail Grocers*, corner of Market and Front streets, Pittsburgh, Pa. oct 2-1y

WM. A. WARD, *Dentist*, Penn street, two doors below Irwin.

WILLIAM COLEMAN, *Steel, Steel Springs and Axles*, No. 42, St. Clair street. dec 20

WM. BAKEWELL, *Attorney at Law*, Bakewell's Buildings, Grant street. dec 20

WM. LARIMER, Jr., *Exchange and Money Broker*, Fourth street, 4th door from Market. my 22-tf

New Hat and Cap Store.

CHAS. H. PAULSON, *(Late of the firm of Paulson & Gill,)* having opened his new store at No. 73 Wood street, next door to the corner of Fourth, is now manufacturing and receiving from the Eastern cities, a very large assortment of

of every description, warranted to be made in the best manner, and of the best materials. Otter, Seal, fine and common Muskrat, Sealette, Hair Seal, Plush, and Glazed Caps.

Also, a fine assortment of Ladies' Furs, such as Lynx, Fitch, Genet and Coney MUFFS and TIPPETS, and FUR TRIMMINGS, all of which he offers for sale at *Eastern prices for Cash*, both wholesale and retail.

Country merchants will please call and examine my stock, before purchasing elsewhere.

CHAS. H. PAULSON.

M. B.—The Fall Fashion for Hats and Caps received. sep 27

Allegheny Tea Store.

JUST RECEIVED—10 half chests fine flowery Necco Tea, 5 do Powchong, 35 chest Young Hyson, Imperial and Gunpowder, 50 bags Rio Coffee, 10 kegs Butter, 20 boxes Raisins, 2 casks fine Currants, 150 bottles Tomato Catsup, 20,000 H. S. Segars, Pepper, Allspice, Rice, together with a large and general assortment of Groceries.

Also, a fresh arrival from the East of Calicoes, Ging ham's, Prints, &c., which will be sold at a very small advance on Eastern costs. J. T. CHAFFEY.

dec 11-2w

NOTICE.—The subscribers having come to the conclusion to close their store on the 25th inst., offer the balance of their stock below Eastern cost. They solicit request their customers and the public in general, to call and benefit by the opportunity they have now to procure bargains. The following articles are much lower than they can be bought by the package in the East:

Fine Cambric Hdkfs., colored borders, 5 to 8 cents;
Linen hemstitched do., 25 cents;
8-4 Blanket Shawls, 50c., worth $1;
1-4 Tagliori, do., 75c., worth $1.50;
Cashmere, Thibet, and other Shawls, in the same proportion.
Damask Linen Table Cloth, 75 cents;
do. Napkins $1.50.
Curtain Muslin of every description, from 15 to 25 cts., worth from 25 to 37½ cents;
Needlework Curtain Muslin, only 28c., worth 50 cents;
Muslin de Lanes, Reppe, Cashmere de E'Cosse, etc., at half their value.
Prints at 12½c. worth 18¾ cents;
Do. do. do. 15
Painted Lawns and Balzarines, good styles, cheaper than they have ever been offered before.
Alpacas in great variety, from 25c. to 37½c., worth 62½c.
Counterpanes $1.75 to $4.00, a great bargain.
Ribbons, Silks, and white goods of every description.

JACOB & DRUCKER,
No. 72, Market st., Pittsburgh, 72 Federal st., Allegheny city.

☞ Merchant Tailors and Country Merchants will find it to their advantage to give us a call.

To RENT—Our store in Allegheny city. dec 9-1y

PENNOCK & MITCHELL, *Union Foundry*, Warehouse on Liberty street, opposite Brown's Row, Pittsburgh.

ALWAYS ON HAND:

Stoves and Grates,	Tea Kettles, Sad Irons,
Wagon Boxes, of all sizes,	Tailors & Hatters' do.
Plough Castings, all kinds,	Counter Weights, &c.
Hollow Ware,	Iron and Nails.

☞ Mill Castings, &c. made to order. feb 1

C. FOSTER & CO.—TO PRINTERS THROUGHOUT THE UNITED STATES.—Charles Foster late Foreman of the Cincinnati Type Foundry, and inventor and builder of the Press called Foster's Power Press, now used by the Cincinnati Atlas, the Enquirer, Kendal & Barnard, also the Frankfort Commonwealth, the Indiana State Journal, Cutler & Chamberlin, formerly State Printers, Indiana, &c., &c., also the press lately used to print Cassius M. Clay's paper, Lexington Kentucky,—would inform Printers in the Western States and elsewhere, that after an experience of 14 years, the last seven in connection with Bevan, Scott & Co., in the city of Cincinnati, established the manufactory of Power Presses, (being the only one West of the Mountains, Hand Presses, the Washington, Smith, and Franklin Presses of all sizes. Also, Chases, Composing Sticks, Brass Rules, Type Cases, Galleys, Card, Job and Embossing Presses, Printers' and Bookbinders' Materials of all kinds. We will furnish Printers' Ink, Cuts, Rules, Fancy Job Type, from Wm. Hagar's Type Foundry, New York; and also Western Type, manufactured at Cincinnati. All orders directed to C. Foster & Co., corner 7th and Smith streets, Cincinnati, or to the subscribers, Agents for the above Foundry, 41 Market street Pittsburgh, will receive prompt attention. JOHNSTON & STOCKTON.

nov 10-1y

TREMENDOUS EXCITEMENT IN THE LITERARY WORLD!!!—*More new books at Cook's Literary Depot, 85, Fourth street.*

The Soldier of Lyons, or the Tuileries, by Mrs. Gore, author of Aledmego, the Money Lender, &c.

The Charity Sister, a tale by the Hon. Mrs. Erskine Norton.

Francis Abbott, or the Hermit of Niagara, a tale of the old and new world.

The Farmer's Library for December.

The Mast Ship, or the bombardment of Falmouth, by Prof. Ingraham.

Review of the Relations between the United States and Mexico, and of the citizens of the United States against Mexico, by Richard S. Coxe.

Knickerbocker for December.

Hunt's Merchants' Magazine for December.

The Child of the Islands, by Hon. Mrs. Norton.

The Eclectic Magazine for December.

The American Review.

Statistics of the Woollen Manufactures in the United States, by the proprietor of the condensing cards.

Pictorial History of the World, No. 11, by John Frost.

MUSIC.

Gems of English Song, 25 cents.
Love Not and Fra Diavolo Quicksteps, 6¼c.
The Outward Bound, by Mrs. Norton, 6¼c.
Seven favorite songs for the Guitar, 12½c.
The fine old English Gentleman, 6¼c.
We have been friends together, 6¼c.
Also, a fine assortment of Ferret & Co.'s cheap music, for sale wholesale and retail at Cook's, 85 4th st. dec 17-1y

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing under the firm of Jones & Coleman was dissolved on the 1st of January, by mutual consent, and the said Jones is fully authorized to settle up the business of the late firm. ISAAC JONES.
Pittsburgh, Jan. 14, 1845. WM. COLEMAN.

All those having accounts to settle with the late firm of Jones & Coleman, will please call at Jones & Quigg's Steel Works and Spring Factory, corner of Ross and Grant sts.

John McDowell Leavitt,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Cincinnati, O., will promptly attend to the collection of all claims which may be entrusted to him, and will practice in his profession in the various courts at Cincinnati, and also in the District and Circuit Courts of the United States in the State of Ohio.

Office on the N. W. corner of Third and Sycamore sts., near the Post Office.

Cincinnati, October 4, 1845.

REFERENCES IN PITTSBURGH.

Atwood, Jones & Co.,	Wm. Bell & Sons,
W. H. Denny, Esq., Cash'r,	John Anderson & Sons,
Robert Peebles, Esq.,	James Ross, Jr., Esq.

oct 11-3md aw [nov 19]

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES.—A large assortment of Gold and Silver Lever, Lepine, and Common WATCHES, for sale low by

D. SANDS,
dec 20-3t No. 7 Fifth st., near Market.

Clothing.

War with Mexico Declared!

MONONGAHELA CLOTHING STORE, No. 2, Wood street, second door from the corner of Water. Cooley & Laird proprietors. The undersigned takes this method of announcing to their customers and the public generally, that they have just received from the East, and offers for sale at the above stand, a large and well selected assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, and materials of every description, having been purchased for cash on the most advantageous terms, they are enabled to offer as CHEAP as can be sold in the Western Country.

Their assortment of

READY MADE CLOTHING

is large, and has been manufactured from the best materials, and by excellent workmen.

They have constantly on hand, and will manufacture to order, all articles of Clothing, which *they will warrant* to be made in the best manner and most FASHIONABLE STYLE.

☞ They invite the public to call and examine their stock of goods, as they are confident they can sell good articles at prices which cannot fail to please.

Remember the place.—No. 2, Wood street, second door from the corner of Water. sept 26

A Choice Selection of Gentlemen's Wear

AT the *People's Clothing Store*, No. 77 East Corner of Sixth and Liberty streets. The subscriber having returned from the East, is now opening at No. 77, a complete and extensive assortment of Fall and Winter Goods for Gentlemen's CLOTHING, selected by himself from the latest of this Fall's Importations, embracing in part—French, English, American and Belgian CLOTHS; English, French, and American plain and fancy CASSIMERES; figured silk Velvet; figured woollen Velvet; striped Cashmere Vestings; French and English Black Satins; plain and figured Beaver Cloths; Pilot, and heavy Cassimere and Tweed COATINGS; plain and figured Sattinetts, &c.

☞ Those in the habit of having their work made to order, would do well to call at No. 77, where they will always find a choice selection of the newest style of goods, and at prices which will meet with their approval. From his long experience as a practical cutter, he is enabled to have work made up in a fashionable and superior manner. He is now prepared to fill all orders for

FALL AND WINTER READY-MADE CLOTHING.

His stock is large, and has been manufactured from the newest and best materials, at prices much lower than heretofore could be afforded. A large assortment of New York and Pittsburgh manufactured SHIRTS kept always on hand.

He returns thanks for the very liberal patronage which has been bestowed upon his establishment, and hopes to merit the continuance of the same by prompt attention to business. THOS. McCANCE.

☞ Handkerchiefs, Cravats, Suspenders, &c., always on hand. [sep 25] sep 10-6m

GENTLEMEN'S READY MADE LINEN AND FURNISHING STORE.—M. A. WILLIS, No. 217, Chesnut street, North side, three doors above Seventh, Philadelphia, has constantly on hand, and for sale, an extensive and general assortment of ready made Linen and Muslin Shirts, Linen Collars and Shirtees, Under Shirts and Drawers, Silk, Cotton, Merino and Lambswool, of various qualities, Gloves, Hosiery, Scarfs, Cravats, Stocks, Handkerchiefs, in great variety, Umbrellas, &c.

Gentlemen are respectfully invited to call and examine her stock before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ Those wishing to furnish their own Linen, can have it made to order in the best and latest fashions at very short notice. my 24

Clothing.

D. KINKEAD, *Merchant Tailor*, has returned to the Burnt District in Fourth street, near the corner of Wood, where he will be happy to see his old friends and customers, and serve them in any article of Clothing as reasonable as any other establishment in the city. dec 20

Boots and Shoes.

David Clark, Boot and Shoe Maker,

Informs his friends and the public that he has removed his business on Wood st., above Fifth, next door to M'Cully & Co.'s, 139, where he is prepared to supply all demands for gentlemen's BOOTS and SHOES of every description, his lasts all being new and of the latest fashion and approved construction. His materials are the best can be procured in the east, and from his extensive experience and strict attention to business he hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage.

D. C. also manufactures boots with the latest improved springs and steel shanks. aug 18

Autumn's Warning.

I have come, I have come, to lay bare the green trees
And to sweep through the fields with my cold breeze;
I have come, I have come, the hedges while rushing along,
And to silence the note of the warbler's song.
I have come with my mist and my cold falling dew,
To tell you that winter will soon be in view.
I have come to give warning that all ought to wear
The new style of GUMS that excludes the damp air.

I mention these articles because I know well,
That none in the city their beauty excel;
I'll venture to say that in all the trade round,
Such durable articles there never can be found.
These gums you will find, are sure to resist
The cold blowing breeze and the chill Autumn mist.

My breezes may blow and my vapors may fall,
But the mineralized Gum is sure to shall
You'll never have cause to regret what you've done,
In purchasing shoes made of Mineralized Gum.
Then take my advice, and wear the Gum shoes;
And remember, it is the true Autumn news.

A general assortment of BOOTS, SHOES and SLIPPERS, at No. 73, Market street, opposite Wilcox's Drug Store, corner of the Diamond, by

oct 24-s&wtf WM. T. ALBREE.

A. Fulton.

BELL AND BRASS FOUNDER, has re-built and commenced business at his OLD STAND, where he will be pleased to see his old customers and friends.

Church, steamboat, and Bells of every size, from 10 to 10,000 pounds, cast from patterns of the most approved models, and warranted to be of the best materials. Mineral Water Pumps, Counters, Railing, etc. etc., together with every variety of Brass Castings, if required, turned and finished in the neatest manner.

☞ Orders left with *Babbit's Anti-Attrition Metal*, so] justly celebrated for the reduction of friction in machinery. The Boxes and Composition can be had of my agent, at my dwelling, Hand street, Birmingham. nov 14-1y

A third set, and kept by the subscriber. Served up on the shortest notice, and an elegant and choicely furnished dining table kept, spread with all sorts of delicacies, as well as the most approved current culinary preparations.

☞ Regular Dinner at quarter past 12 o'clock.

Oysters can also be had at all hours of the day and night, the subscriber having fitted up his rooms to accommodate his patrons in this respect also; and has made arrangements for a regular supply in the season.

FRESH OYSTERS

during the season. The subscriber can at any time furnish one or more servants to wait upon Tea Parties, to cook and wait upon Dinner Parties, &c.

If close fitting, neatness, and attention, be a merit, he solicits a liberal patronage. JAMES WILLIAMS.

oct 7-2m

AN IMPORTANT SITUATION OFFERED.—A branch Agent is wanted in connection with the Globe Union Agency, in the city of Louisville, Ky. He will have to take charge of a sett of books, to be opened for different branches of business in the city of Pittsburgh, and attend to such duties as are usually embraced within a general agency.

The most unquestionable reference as to honesty will be expected from applicants. Applications post paid and addressed to the Directors of the Agency, will be receivable until the 1st of January next. JAS. P. HAMILTON,
nov 18-dtl Agent General for the Directors.

☞ GLOBE UNION AGENCY, Louisville, Ky. No Agent, itinerant or local, is permitted to make contracts or engagements for the central office at Louisville, Ky., unless he has written instructions to that effect, bearing the *official seal*. As far as that goes, so far as it entails a responsibility which the directors at Louisville, Ky., will assume exclusively. JAMES P. HAMILTON,
nov 18-d&wlm Agent General.

To Country Merchants and Others.

KID GLOVE MANUFACTORY, *McKeevys Row, Penn street.*—The subscriber respectfully informs the public that since the fire he has removed his

KID GLOVE MANUFACTORY

to the above stand, where he will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of

THE BEST QUALITY OF KID GLOVES.

From fifteen years experience in all the branches of his business, both in Europe and America, the undersigned hopes to be able to give complete satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. R. DEAN.
je 2-1y [sep 25]

FORTY YEARS EXPERIENCE, will enable me to execute any orders I may be favored with, for every description of silver plating, japanned and tinned saddlery, carriage and harness trimmings. Also—brass dore plating; such as name plates, bell pulleys, number plates, door locks, knobs, astricals, &c., either of silver, brass or composition, door knockers, or name plates, from $1,50 to $5,00.

Wanted Immediately—1 first-rate Silverplater, at house work; 1 first-rate Blacksmith, by piece work, 1 first-rate Blacksmith to make iron Hames by piece work; 1 good hand at making wood Hames.

Wanted—A good Second hand Lathe for turning brass work, price about $30. Wanted to rent, a good house and shop, for manufacturing purposes.

I may be found at present at the Beaver House, Second street.

N. B. I would have no objections to be connected with a Hardware Merchant, as I believe I can furnish the above named articles as low as they are made in any city in the United States. An interview may be had, and further information given. GEORGE THARP, Silverplater.
dec 9

Latest News from Santa Fe!

THE OLD ESTABLISHED HOSE FACTORY.—R. H. HARTLEY, *No. 86 Wood street, corner of Diamond alley*, keeps constantly on hand, and manufactures to order, all kinds of Fire, Garden, and Steamboat HOSE, Copper and Iron riveted, manufactured of the best materials, and equal to any east or west.

☞ Orders left with Andrew Fulton, Bell and Brass Founder, or at my dwelling, Harness and Trunk Store, will be punctually attended to.

Also, Machine Bands, double and single riveted, manufactured to order. All kinds of Hose and Bands required at works, warranted, and prices to suit the times.

my 8-1y

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—Notice is hereby given, that in conformity with the [direction of the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, a Plan or Specification of the location and limits of the extension or continuation of Walnut street, now called Haulock street, from the Eastern termination of the said street, to the Western termination of Hemlock street, as heretofore designated, in the Plan of said City, has been made and deposited in the office of the Recording Regulator of said City, for public examination and inspection.

JAMES MILLER,
dec 16-tf Street Commissioner.

ANIMAL MAGNETISM.—The subscriber having been very successful in the practice of the above science, and its application to the cure of diseases, by the advice of many friends and in accordance with his own sense of duty, offers his services to the afflicted, in proposing to cure, by Magnetism, the following diseases, viz: all cases of acute and Inflammatory Rheumatism, Gout, Milk Leg, Tic Doloreux, Toothache, Bronchitis, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of the Joints, Spinal Complaints, Deafness, Neuralgia, general debility, deficiency of nervous energy, and all nervous disorders. Persons also put into a magnetic sleep, for dental and surgical operations. He can be consulted at all hours at his house on Fourth street, between Smithfield and Cherry alley, where certificates and testimonials of cures already performed by him, can be seen at all times. P. A. WESTERVELT.
nov 15-tf

Select School.

H. WILLIAMS has opened a Select School in the room above Mr. Dyer's Grocery, Federal Street, Alleghe ny, formerly occupied by Mr. Samuel Blood, and a few doors above the Post Office.

Terms per Quarter of Eleven weeks.
Primary Class $6 per Scholar.
Junior " 8 "
Senior " 10 "

REFERENCES—R. D. Elliott, D. D., Rev. D. H. Riddle, D. D. Rev. A. D. Campbell, D. D., Hon Charles Shaler, Joseph P. Gazzam, M. D., Charles H. Israel, Esq. sep 1-tf

For Sale and To Let.

Valuable Hotel Property For Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale, his very valuable property, situated on the corner of Federal and Isabella streets, in Allegheny city; near the end of the old Allegheny Bridge, well known as the

EMMET HOTEL.

The hotel itself, is a large, convenient and substantial brick dwelling, occupying 41 feet front on Federal street, by 100 feet on Isabella street, and the extensive stable, carriage house, &c., occupy 42 feet in front on Isabella street, by 88 back to Race alley. It was built expressly for a hotel and possesses every convenience adapted for the purpose. The house is well finished and in excellent order and repair; the stables are well built and substantially constructed, and can accomodate from 60 to 80 horses, the carriage house is large and commodious, an excellent ice house is also built on the premises. The location of the property is one of the best and most advantageous that can any where be found, and it will present many inducements to any person desirous of conducting the business or wishing to make a safe and profitable investment of his money.

The title (which is fee simple) is unquestionable, and the terms will be moderate and accomodating. Every information will be furnished on application, (if by letter, post paid,) to the subscriber on the premises. Possession given at any time after one month's notice:

Aug 21-tf HUGH SWEENY.
nov 26

FROM FIFTY TO ONE HUNDRED LOTS IN ALLEGHENY CITY, FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers for sale, on accomocating terms, from fifty to one hundred lots in Allegheny city, the titles to which are indisputable. These lots are twenty four feet in front, running back from eighty to one hundred and forty feet, except the corner lots, which vary from one hundred to upwards of two hundred feet front. They are pleasantly situated in the First Ward, on the bank of the Ohio river, comprising the only portion of Allegheny City suitable for a good Steamboat or Ferry landing, and are well calculated for residences, extensive Manufacturing establishments, or other purposes. The Omnibus from the bridge and the Stage for Beaver pass the property, daily, the former at short intervals, and Coal can be procured from the opposite side of the Ohio, at any season of the year. Manufacturers can obtain the quantity of ground necessary, upon very reasonable terms, and will find it to possess peculiar advantages for such purposes. Mechanics, river men and others will find it not an excellent location for the erection of dwellings. A plot of ground can be seen and further information obtained by calling upon the subscribers, on the premises.

je 7-tf J. & WM. A. CHARLTON.

TO LET.—A long Room, in the third story, on Market street, between Third and Fourth. The building is well finished and well lighted, with a good entrance from Market street.

oct 20 E. D. GAZZAM.

FOR SALE OR RENT.—A superior Tannery, the principal building of brick, with the vats sunk in the stone basement story, a steam engine, and every thing to render it one of the most complete and convenient establishments of the kind, as it was designed by one of the most experienced workmen in the city. Inquire on the premises, or of GREGG & EATON,
nov 3 Wood, second door from Second st.

Valuable Real Estate for Sale.

THE undersigned will dispose of the following valuable Real Estate, viz—

THIRTY ACRES OF GROUND, having an extensive front on the South bank of the Monongahela, four principal business rivers where all the steamers lie, and where the heavy business of the City is done,) being the West end of the Borough of Birmingham, laid out into 230 lots of 24 by 100 feet, for Residences, and 96 by 300 feet for Manufactories fronting on 50 feet streets, and extending back to 20 feet alleys.

TEN